State Librarian

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THE OBSERVER.

The Leading Newspaper in the Third Congressional District.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., SEPT. 4, 1890.

NEWS AND COMMENT.

"It is said that Mr. BLAINE will make two speeches in the Maine Campaign next month, but will not invade T. REED'S bailiwick." Mr. BLAINE has evidently not lost sight of the old proverb that "fools venture in where angels fear to tread."

In point of commercial activity Winston is possibly ahead of any of the Western towns of the State. As an evidence of this fact she has within the past six months attracted one million dollars of outside capital to be invested within her borders.

FAYETTEVILLE merchants are making preparations for an extensive trade this fall, and our advertising columns will be a good index to the best place for bargains. Those who are desirous of your trade will have no hesitancy in saying as much through the OBSERVER.

ELSEWHERE we give our readers a treat in the shape of an historical article from the polished pen of one of North Carolina's most noted writers, Col. JOHN D. CAMERON, on the first Railroad project ever attempted in this State. It will be read with peculiar interest by many of our readers throughout the State.

THE "inventive genius" is still on the warpath. Among the latest inventions is a patent on what is termed a "Station Indicator," by a Rockingham man; a device that will indicate the name of any station the train may be approaching. It is really a wonder, the model of which is on exhibition at Laurinburg.

EAVES has scored another victory and downed MOTT, HARRISS and all. HARRISON now comes to his rescue and thinks "the reliable" has been "badly treated by his party colleagues," and is determined to retain EAVES as Collector of the Western North Carolina District to the last moment, "fodder or no fodder."

THE indications at present point to the unmistakable discovery of oil in and adjacent to Greensboro Specialists have more than once ventured the opinion that large oil deposits were located in the Piedmont belt, not far from the State line, East of the Blue Ridge—and it seems that such a conclusion has by no means been in vain.

"At last there seems to be a prospect of keeping out of the United States the lame, the blind and the decrepit of other nations who have long found here a more lucrative field for begging than that furnished by their own countries. The plan is to locate an able physician at every European port from which emigrants sail to this country, whose duty it shall be to examine all who propose to come here, with the purpose of shutting out diseased and helpless people. It has taken the nation a long time to come down from the high, sentimental perch upon which it took its stand when fighting oppression in colonial days, with the proclamation that 'America was to be the asylum of the distressed from all lands.'" Patience is rarely if ever without its reward, and the growing evils of pauper immigration and serious menace to the health of the nation have at length triumphed over sentiment, and after long and loud protesting against the evils of landing thousands and millions of European paupers upon our shores, the necessity of self-defense has been admitted.

WHILE the National storm has passed over at Washington, there was nevertheless a "heavy sea" in the House last week. Having lowered the dignity of the Speaker's chair by its conversion into a vantage ground for the practice of some of the most arbitrary and intolerable rulings that were ever enforced in legislative halls, REED is indirectly responsible for the disgraceful scenes in Congress last week; a disgrace at which every participant should hang his head in shame on the Republican side. The *World's* Washington correspondent says about the only Democrat who "revelled in the situation" and enjoyed the embroglio to the extent of "sicking the boys on," was "McCLAMMY, of North Carolina, a companionable man of small physique, highly excitable, and yet with a keen sense of humor. He started in under a full tide of indignation because of the refusal of the Speaker to recognize him, but as matters progressed and the Republicans began falling out among themselves and calling one another hard names McCLAMMY'S nature changed and he grew jubilant. He hopped about like a boy, taking the keenest delight in the proceedings and cheering the disputants on with might and main. He had done everything but throw flip-flaps, and it is not unlikely that had the turmoil continued for ten minutes longer the House would have been edified by a few somersaults." History furnishes no parallel for the display of billingsgate and blackguardism as the Republicans exhibited.

THE Republican State Convention at Raleigh the past week was one of "many words and fall of trouble." A negro convention only a day or two previous with its catalogue of charges against the "white bosses," held out all the terrors of a brewing storm at sea, while the "hilt to hilt" fight between MOTT and EAVES insured bitterness without end. Complying with a resolution passed by the colored convention, E. E. SMITH, a negro was made temporary chairman, which sounded the toesin of war. LOGE HARRISS threw an anchor to the windward by advocating JOHN LEARY for permanent chairman, which resulted in bringing out C. A. COOK, M. L. MOTT, V. S. LUSKE and A. E. HOLTON. HARRISS urged that the permanent chairmanship was due the negroes, whereupon one HENDERSON, a negro and EAVES'S clerk, pronounced such a game as a trick, intimating that HARRISS might have been one of that celebrated number who went to Washington and insisted that no office be given negroes. This brought HARRISS forthwith to his feet, who hesitated not in dubbing HENDERSON a liar. Bad blood here asserted its sway and great consternation followed. HENDERSON finally concluded his harangue, who was followed by WILLIAMS, charging him with treachery in a LEARY caucus. At length the committee on credentials reported and the ballot for chairman stood: HOLTON, 138; LEARY, 60. The platform adopted was in keeping with the tone of the convention. CHAS. PRICE was nominated for Chief Justice and W. T. FAIRCLOTH for Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, J. B. EAVES re-elected chairman by acclamation.

SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of The Observer.

Jos. H. Pugh, of Johnston, declines the nomination for the Senate, on the grounds that his brother is a candidate for solicitor. ——September 26th has been fixed for the date of Steve Jacob's execution at Lumberton. ——The most disgraceful scene on record occurred in the House of Representatives last week, billingsgate language and fisticuffs among Republicans being the special order of the day. ——A locomotive exploded at Mansfield, O., killing the engineer and fireman and burning fifteen cars. ——Manchester *Guardian* says the collapse in prices of cotton has almost stopped business. ——The man-of-war *Charleston*, now at Seattle, Wash., has been ordered to Honolulu to protect American interests in case of a revolution. ——The Danville & New River Railroad was sold at auction and purchased, it is said, for the Richmond & Danville system. ——It is said that an entirely new board of directors of the American Cotton Seed Company will soon be chosen. ——The *City of New York* wins the ocean race with the *Teutonic*. ——The town of Tckay in Hungary has been almost destroyed by fire. ——The potato blight is spreading in Ireland and famine stares many of the people in the face.—— W. T. Crawford, of Haywood county, was nominated for Congress in the ninth district on the 14th ballot. ——Seven of the aldermen of Biddeford, Me., have been arrested by order of the Federal court on charges of election conspiracy. ——The anti-Tillman held a secret conference. ——Fire in Norfolk destroyed Lassiter's planing and saw mill, a large quantity of lumber and eight tenement houses—loss $20,000 to $30,000. ——Mr. McKinley was renominated to Congress by acclamation. ——A Kentuckian has been fined $175 and disfranchised, for selling his vote for 50 cents. Rough on rats. ——Rev. Sam Jones has a brother, Joe, who is improving rapidly as a preacher. ——Nearly 37,000,000 of babies are born every year or seventy a minute. ——Astor has $23,000 income each day. ——The Republican convention of the fourth Congressional district met in Raleigh last week and had to adjourn because of no quorum present. ——The South Carolina troubles have been settled and white supremacy is thus assured. ——C. H. Moore, col., has been nominated by the negroes in the 5th district. ——The cholera is still raging in Arabia. ——The Democrats of Wisconsin have completed their State ticket. ——Salvator made his mile in 1.35¼ in his race against time. ——The Democrats of Pitt county have nominated their legislative and county tickets. A resolution endorsing Senator Vance was unanimously adopted. ——The switchmen in Chicago on the Lake Shore road struck and the road was at a stand still. A good many of the engineers and firemen left the engines in the yards. ——The Democrats of Indiana nominated Claude Matthews, the most extensive farmer in the State, for Secretary of State. ——Hon. Geo. T. Barnes, of Georgia, was defeated for a renomination to Congress. ——The Governor of Arizona has resigned at the request of the Secretary of the Interior. No reason is given to the public for this request. ——The Richmond paper mills have been destroyed by fire. ——A young men's Democratic club has been organized in Raleigh. ——The Democrats of Pitt county have renominated Senator Williams and also nominated Col. Harry Skinner for the House. ——Colonel Oats, of Alabama, was renominated for his sixth term in Congress. ——The State Board of Arbitration of New York has notified both sides that it will investigate the strike on the Central road. ——The National Greenback convention met in Indianapolis About fifty people were present. ——North Carolina 4 per cent. consols have reached par in New York. ——A gold collar button was found in the gizzard of a Wilmington chicken. ——Meningitis in Pitt county. There have been three deaths in one family. ——The Senate has reached an agreement to take a vote on the tariff bill September 5. ——The infamous lard bill has passed the House. ——Congressman W. H. H. Cowles has been renominated for Congress in the 8th district. ——All the railroad strikes at Chicago have collapsed. ——Much damage has been done to portions of St. Petersburg by an overflow of the Neva river. ——J. N. Stripling, U. S. District Attorney, has been nominated to Congress by the Republicans of the Second Florida District. ——Melbourne is guarded by special constables to prevent a threatened riot. ——The wharfmen at New Zealand ports have struck. ——The Porte finally declines to give satisfaction to Servia for the Servian Consul killed at Pristina. ——The general state of business has improved in the last week and the outlook for the future is bright. ——Wheat exports fall far below those of the same period last year. ——Domestic trade is much heavier than last season. ——Value of all exports from New York for the last four weeks show a comparative decrease of 25½ per cent. ——A New York man recently took a thousand volt shock of electricity and survived it. ——Official dispatches show that the *San Francisco* will probably be the fastest courser in our navy. ——Capt. E. J. Pennypacker, collector of the port of Wilmington, died of heart disease on the 29th ult. ——An Agricultural, Industrial and Live Stock Fair will be held at Maxton, October 20th, 21st and 22nd. The association was organized by electing M. McNair, President, and Dr. J. D. Croom, Secretary. ——Edenton expects to have a big agricultural and fish fair October 28th to 31st. A premium list has been issued which includes 1,000 premiums, worth $3,000. ——The directors of the A. & N. C. Railroad re-elected the president and old board, except Col. A. C. Davis, who resigned, and in whose place W. L. Kennedy, Esq., was appointed. ——The Pepper Mining Company, of Danbury, have just disposed of ten batches of their iron mines to a syndicate composed of English, New York and North Carolina capitalists. The price paid is said to be $50,000. ——Wm. L. Wilson, of West Virginia, has been renominated for Congress. ——Nevada has but 46,000 inhabitants against 62,266 of thirty years or more ago. ——Polities and crops are reported all right in Brunswick. ——John Kennedy, the absconding post office clerk, has been brought back to Wilmington and lodged in jail to await trial. ——The Employer's Union of Melbourne notify the Mayor that a partial settlement of the labor troubles will not be satisfactory. ——The Republican convention of Michigan has nominated a State ticket that gives great dissatisfaction to the party. ——Two horses were killed in Saratoga by an electric light wire. ——Severe earthquake shocks were felt in the valley of the Danube.

Some Things that Impress an American Traveling in Europe.

For the Observer.

VIENNA, Aug. 11, 1890.

MESSRS. EDITORS.—I have just arrived in this city, the capital of Austria, and, at first sight, am most favorably impressed with the solidity and grandeur of its buildings. Like all the other cities that I have visited on the Continent, all of the stores, except cigar stores, close at seven o'clock, and consequently just now, when I walked out of my hotel on the boulevard along "The Beautiful Blue Danube" which fronts it, I could see but little of the handsome stores that ornament its streets.

In this country I find the most brilliant displays in the shop windows that I have ever seen, and it is often the case that, on looking into the stores, one sees but little to attract attention.

The hotels in every city where I have been are most gorgeous establishments, and I find this city in no respect behind others. The Imperial Hotel here has 400 rooms and 30 parlors, but none of the hotels have elevators or use lamps in the bed-chambers. All, however, have beautiful tableware and are decorated, more or less extensively, with paintings and statuary. At least one *attache* speaks English, and he is consequently a *multum in parvo* to poor mortals whose vocabulary is limited.

This city is especially noted in the medical world for its renowned school of medicine and hospital, which accommodates 3,000 patients at a time. When I learned to-day that a thorough medical education could be obtained here for $13 for the entire course, I almost determined to cease my wanderings and locate for the time being. The Government pays all expenses, and this insignificant fee is only required for the purpose of defraying the expenses of indigent students.

In commencing this letter it was not my intention to write of Vienna, but of a very interesting city which I have just left, and of which Americans generally know but little—Prague.

This city of 230,000 inhabitants is the capital of Bohemia, one of the 17 provinces of Ausfria. Of its population 20,000 are Jews, 3,000 Protestants, and the remainder are Roman Catholics. It is beautifully situated in a basin on the river Moldau, and is surrounded on all sides by Palisades, upon the slopes of which the the buildings rise tier after tier as they recede from the water's brink.

The peculiar architecture of the city and its numerous domes, spires and turrets give it quite an oriental appearance. The city is divided into three quarters—the old, the new and the Jews' quarter, and in the last is a most curious cemetery, some of the tombs dating back 1,200 years. Historically, Prague has been the scene of many important events, but of those I will not speak.

Here it was that John Huss, the celebrated Reformer, first declared the worship of the Virgin and Saints to be idolatry; and when on yesterday I walked through this catholic city, and noted its many cathedrals, I could but meditate upon "the mutations of time," and think of Luther, whose home I had but the day previously visited, and who followed Huss a century later in his Reformation, and to myself exclaim: *O tempora, o mores!*"

The Moldau is crossed by seven bridges, one of which is very celebrated. It was begun in the 14th and finished in the 16th century. It is 1,850 feet long and is ornamented with 28 statues of saints on each side, and at each end is a lofty tower with an hundred pinnacles.

The cathedral of St. Vitus is the most interesting edifice in the city, and is a complete museum of curiosities. It is in the enclosure of the Royal Palace, and was commenced in the 13th century. It is not yet finished, workmen being engaged upon it to-day while I was going through it. In one of the chapels of the cathedral is a massive and gorgeous shrine of silver, weighing nearly 4,000 pounds, dedicated to St. John, the patron saint of all bridges in this country. In a silver and crystal coffin within this shrine his remains are encased, and around the shrine there are six silver lamps kept continually burning.

In the Treasury room are kept some very curious relics, among which are some of the bones of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob, a piece of the true cross, two thorns from the dying Saviour's crown, one of the palm branches over which He rode, the pocket handkerchief of the Virgin Mary, the bridal robe of Maria Theresa and many quaint and curious relics used at the coronation of the kings.

In the old town hall is a clock, resembling the celebrated Strassburg clock, except that it "shows off" every hour. When the hour arrives, the windows above the dial open, and the twelve apostles in line pass by, each turning his face to the street, and each bowing to the Saviour who leads the procession. The skeleton, in the meantime, is pulling a cord which strikes the hour, and when he is through, a cock steps forth, and crows the number of times indicating the hour. There are also numerous other contrivances, showing the seasons, solar time, &c.

There are many fine residences here, the most important being the castle of Prince Albert, a hero of the Thirty Years' war. One hundred houses were pulled down to make room for it, and it was 16 years in building. The stables are large enough to hold 300 carriages, and are profusely ornamented with marble. The most unique room in the castle to me is the bath room, which is a perfect grotto studded with gems, which make a rainbow every time the water is turned on. They tell me that you can travel from Prague to this city, 300 miles distant, on this nobleman's estate, his descendants owning 33 villages.

The peasants and common people here are small, dark and homely. They wear very artistic head dresses, and speak Bohemian, which is wholly unintelligible to me.

The German language is used in business matters. I would like to write you something of the soldier element of this city, and also somthing of the lovely Bohemian glass-ware for which this city is justly famed, but I mast desist for this time. J. A. H.

Marriage with Drunkards.

Journal of Inebriety.]

The efforts to raise the poor and degenerate inebriate and his family are practically of no value as long as marriage with inebriates is permitted. Recently the Legislature of the State of Victoria, in Australia, has passed a law which gives a wife the right of divorce if the husband is found to be an habitual drunkard. If after marriage she discovers that he is an inebriate, she can also get a divorce. The husband can do the same with a wife if she is proved to be an inebriate. This is a clear anticipation of the higher sentiment which demands relief from the barbarous law which would hold marriage with an inebriate as fixed and permanent.

☞The population of New Zeland is now 620,000, an increase during the year of 12,899.

☞In the year 1700 there was but one newspaper in the United States.

"The Bivouac of the Dead."

A Kentuckian writes in the *Courier-Journal* an interesting sketch of how this famous poem was written. Its story dates back to the battle of Buena Vista, Feb'y 23, 1847, when the whole Mexican army, under Santa Anna, defiled around a mountain pass and summoned 5,000 Americans under Taylor to surrender. The reply was, "Gen. Taylor never surrenders," and at it the two went to fight it out. In the terrible battle that followed Taylor was victorious, and thereby won the presidency for himself. But many among the flower of his officers were killed, among them young Harry Clay, eldest son of Henry Clay.

Clay's death was mourned as a calamity by the whole State. In May his remains were brought home from Mexico and buried at Louisville, with grand ceremonies. The feelings of the Kentuckians were aroused as not often happens. In the midst of the popular grief, patriotic feeling and State pride all mingled came to that other Kentuckian, Col. Theodore F. O'Hara, his immortal poem, "The Bivouac of the Dead."

The body of Col. O'Hara himself was brought to Frankfort, Ky., in October, 1874, and buried. On this occasion his own poem was recited above his remains and those of two other officers who were laid to their final rest at the same time in the Frankfort cemetery. The poem has been quoted at a hundred soldier funerals. The correct version of the first stanza the Kentuckian says is this:

The muffled drum's sad roll has beat
The soldier's last tatoo;
No more on life's parade shall meet
That brave and fallen few.
On Fame's eternal camping ground
Their silent tents are spread,
And glory guards with solemn round
The bivouac of the dead.

Growth of Churches in the United States.

N. Y. Idependent.]

From the most carefully compiled statistics it appears that there are in the United States 151,261 churches of all denominations, 102,300 ministers and nearly 22,000,000 members. During the year there has been an increase of 8,500 churches, about 4,900 ministers and 1,090,000 members of all denominations.

The most numerous denomination is the Roman Catholic, with 7,500 churches, 8,300 priests, and a population of only 8,277,000, of which 4,676,000, are estimated to be communicants.

Then comes the Methodists, with in round numbers, 4,980,000 communicants; Baptists, 4,293,000; Presbyterians, 1,229,000; Lutherans, 1,086,000; Congregationalists, 491,000, and Episcopalians, 480,000.

The increase in the catholic population during the year was 421,700. The estimated gain in catholic communicanrs was over 238,000.

The growth of Protestant membership was 668,000. The Methodists gained more than 256,000, the Baptists more than 213,000, the Lutherans 98,000, the Congregationalists more than 16,000, the Episcopalians about 9,500, the Presbyterians nearly 49,000.

The accession of new members was even larger than these figures, since in every denomination there were deaths of members whose places were filled by new acquisitions. The number of deaths in the Methodist Church, for example, was reported at 28,300.

Who Can Best Be Spared?

Young man, this is the first question that your employers ask themselves when business becomes slack, and when it is thought necessary to economize in the matter of salaries. "Who can best be spared?" The barnacles, the shirks, the makeshifts, the proteges of somebody, or somebody's nephew, or, especially somebody's "good-for-nothing."

Young men, please remember that these are not the ones called for when responsible positions are to be filled. Would you like to gauge your own future for a position of prominence? Would you like to know the probabilities of your getting such a position? Inquire within! What are you doing to make yourself valuable in the position you now occupy? If you are doing with all your might what your hands find to do the chances are ten to one that you will soon become so valuable in that position that you cannot be spared from it; and then—singular to relate, will be the very time when you are sought out for promotion to a better place.

Hard Sense.

N. Y Herald.)

We can trust the negro in Southern hands. Emancipation has been well for both races. The negro is a grave problem—none graver of the age. Our feeling toward the Southern people in the settlement of it should be that of entire sympathy and good-will. The duty is with them—the issue and the burden.

Moreover—and this is an argument that should come home to all men—we have our own business to mind at home, and why perplex the South with suspicions? The problem of badly-paid labor; the miseries of the mines; the degradation that comes from the ignorant thousands dumped from day to day upon our shores from far away lands, alien to our people in kindred, religion, tradition and race; the crushing effects of a war tariff, which doubles the cost of every poor man's breakfast-table—these and many kindred questions we in the North should think about. They are of more consequence to us than any negro race problems, and to consider them we should mind our own business and leave the South alone.

Palpitation of the Heart.

Dr. Nebo in Journal de la Sante.]

An excessive palpitation of the heart can always be arrested by bending double, with the head downward and the hands pendent, so as to produce a temporary congestion of the upper part of the body. In almost all cases of nervous or anemic palpitation, the heart immediately resumes its natural function. If the respiratory movements be suspended during this action the effect is only more rapid.

☞Mamma, I know the gentleman's name that called to see Aunt Ellie last night, and nobody told me either."

"Well, then, what is it, Bobby?"

"Why, George Dont. I heard her say George, don't in the parlor four or five times hand-running. That's what his name is."—*Boston Beacon.*

☞It is said that the Capitol of the United States is unquestionably the finest and largest building of the kind on the face of the earth.

☞More shoes are manufactured at Haverhill, Mass., than in any other city of the United States.

☞Take time to deliberate; but when the time for action arrives, stop thinking and go in.—*Andrew Jackson.*

☞The cable to be laid between Halifax and Bermuda will be 800 miles long, and weighs 3,000 tons.

Disgraceful Scenes in Congress.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The bulldozing rules adopted by the Republicans and enforced by their Speaker had their fitting and necessary outcome to-day in a scene of the most beastly disorder ever known in the American Congress. While a filibustering protest against a partisan and inconsistent ruling of the Speaker was going on, Mr. Cannon, the Republican floor leader, insulted a Democrat, Mr. McAdoo, in obscene language. At the demand of another Democrat the words were taken down and while the House was having its hands full with this matter two Republicans in private conversation got into a fist fight on the floor and a third Republican in interfering was struck for his peace-making. For several minutes, it seemed that the Republican party had forgotten the Democrats and the public at large were going to rend each other in pieces. It was fully fifteen minutes before any semblance of order was restored. Speaker Reed was entirely powerless. The combatants were Messrs. Beckwith, of New Jersey, and Wilson, of Washington, and such choice billingsgate as cannot be even indicated in a family paper was hurled at each other's heads. Just before this emboglio, a personal recontre between Messrs. Cannon and Mason came near taking place in front of the Speaker's desk. The air was lurid for a while.

All this turmoil is the direct result of despotic rule in general and especially the effort to force through the so-called Pure Lard bill contrary to the order taken by the House itself.

Cotton-Stalk Bagging.

A company has been formed at Augusta, Ga., to work the fibre of the cotton stalk into a wrap for cotton bales. The capital stock of the company will at the beginning be $500,000, but the charter asks the privilege of increasing this to $5,000,000. The process will necessitate decorticating machines at points near the fields where there is a supply of clear running water. Here the stalk is quickly changed into batting, and can then be baled and shipped to the factories, where it will be spun and woven, after which it is ready to be rolled and sent to the market. Until beyond question it is settled that cotton-stalk bagging is in every way acceptable and desirable as a covering for the fleecy staple the operation of the process will be confined to Augusta. But it is claimed by those in the secret that but one season will be required to demonstrate this fact. A number of these decorticating machines will be scattered about in counties in Georgia and South Carolina convenient to the Augusta factory. The cotton-stalk yield of a field, it is estimated is sufficient to cover a three years' yield of the cotton on the same area. Alluding to the organization of the company, the Augusta *Chronicle* says: "It will indeed be a grand day for the South when the cotton stalk can be decorticated and made up into a flexible and durable fibre."

Railroad Matters—A, C. L. Extension.

Charleston News & Courier.]

There was a general influx of Atlantic Coast Line managers into the city yesterday. General Manager Walters, General Superintendent Divine and General Freight and Passenger Agent Emerson were all in the city for a few hours on business connected with their system. The Atlantic Coast Line men had a consultation with the officers of the South Carolina Railway, at which, besides general railroad matters, the subject of connections and crossings with the East Shore Terminal Railway was discussed. The party of visiting officials left this city on the 4:30 P. M. train.

Major Jonathan J. Lucas, of Society Hill, was in the city yesterday for the purpose of holding a conference with Mr. H. Walters, of the Atlantic Coast Line, on the subject of the construction of the Bennettsville & Society Hill Railroad. The Coast Line has under consideration the matter of assisting in the construction of the line. Mr. Walters examined the maps and surveys yesterday, and the matter will be decided in a short time.

Does The Phonograph Disseminate Disease.

It is reported that the Park commissioners in some of the Northern cities have ordered the disuse of the public phonographs heretofore in use in the city parks, on account of the danger of their serving to disseminate disease. This danger is doubtless very slight, like that of injury to the ear, and probably neither danger is worth consideration if the instrument is kept reasonably clean and used properly: but its promiscuous use in a public park does not seem to admit of perfect security in this respect, and the announcement that the phonograph company intends to substitute a plate ear piece for the penetrating one now in use, avowedly for the reason that there are persons who object to the present form, goes to show that the park commissioners are not the only people who entertain the idea of danger in the phonograph.

Religion.

Spurgeon.]

Unless your religion changes you from a mummy to a man, makes you honest in business, pious behind counters, temperate at dinner-tables, loyal to your country, affectionate to your family, neighborly in your community, conscientious at the ballot-box, patient in affliction, humble, cheerful, and hopeful everywhere and always; unless it links you in brotherhood with the poorest of God's children; unless it leads you on errands of mercy to hovels and hospitals and prisons, as well as to cushioned pews and sacramental boards; unless you love Christ on week days as well as worship Him on Sundays, then is your religion spurious, hypocritical, and abhorrent—a refuge of lies.

A Lesson in Spelling.

North Carolina Teacher.]

Pay great attention! What does this spell—Ghoughphtheightteau? Well, according to the following rule, it spells—it spells—Do you give it up? It spells "potato," viz: gh stands for p, as you will find from the last letters in hic-cough; ough for o, as in dough; phth stands for t, as phthisis; eigh stands for a, as in neighbor; tte stands for t, as in gazette, and eau stands for o, as in beau. Thus you have p-o-t-a-t-o. Who will give us another?

Language Oddities.

In a recent lecture a professor of languages, in commenting on the difficulties foreigners had to overcome before they could master our language, made mention of the following philological oddities: The letter e changes lover into clover, d makes erow a erowd, k makes eyed keyed, g changes son into song, l tranforms a pear into a pearl, s changes a hoe into a shoe, t makes bough bought, and w makes omen women.

☞Among the singular difference between the two sides of the face, a German professor notes that the right ear is almost invariably higher than the left.

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Feb'y 27, 1890.

JOHN G. SHAW,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
Practices in the various Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to his care.
Feb'y 14, 1889. 1y

N. A. SINCLAIR,
Attorney-at-Law,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS.
Office No. 4, Thornton Block.
June 20, 1889. tf

DR. J. H. MARSH,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
Offers his professional services to the citizens of Fayetteville and the surrounding country. Office at Sedberry's Drug Store. Room at Overbaugh House.
May 9, 1889. 6m

DR. G. B. PATTERSON,
DENTAL SURGEON,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
After four years' experience offers his professional services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.
Office up-stairs in Thornton Block, Room No. 3.
N. B. Hayes' Hypnotic used for the painless extraction of teeth.
Nov. 5, 1889. tf

FARMERS,
DON'T SAY IT CAN'T BE DONE,
but come and see the Hawkeye Grub and Stump Machine pull
ANY AND EVERY STUMP OR TREE
that can be found. Remember, the largest lightwood stumps are not excepted. Farmers who have land to clear will do well to come to Fayetteville, N. C., where the Machine can be seen at actual work doing all we claim for it. One man and boy, with one horse, can do the work. The Machine will pay for itself in any neighborhood in a short time. Come and see it, or write to
N. H. SMITH, Fayetteville, N. C.,
Agent for Eastern North Carolina.
S. N. ROCKWELL,
State Agent, Southern Pines, N. C.
July 3, 1890.

$10.00 Stock for $5.00.
West Salem Land Co.,
SALEM, - - - VIRGINIA,
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL $500,000,
OFFERS STOCK IN
Series C. Newcastle Series.
Shares of $10 par value are sold to subscribers at Five Dollars per share, payable May, June, July, August and September. One Dollar per month. Send your orders, with one dollar per share, or write for full particulars to
GEORGE ALLEN, PRESIDENT. OR C. C. TOMPKINS, SECRETARY.
June 19, 1890. 3m

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.
The Fall Term Opens Sept. 4. Tuition, $30.
Four regular courses of study, Classical, Philosophical, Literary, Scientific.
Special courses in Chemistry, Civil and Electrical Engineering, Pharmacy, and other studies.
Separate schools of Law and Medicine, whose students may attend the University lectures.
Address HON. KEMP P. BATTLE, LL.D., President, Chapel Hill, N. C.
July 3, 1890—2m]

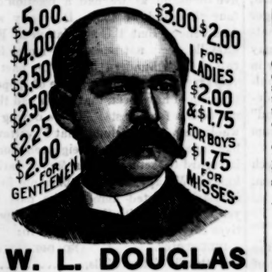
High Point Factory.
J. H. Jenkins & Co., of this large "plant," are making a depository with me of their many grades of tobacco, comprising Plug, Twist, Smoking Tobacco and Cigars. Their customers can be supplied at factory prices at any hour in the day.
R. M. ORRELL, Agent for the Factory
May 8, 1890—tf]

GEO. C. ROYALL. ROYALL & BORDEN, JNO. L. BORDEN.
MANUFACTURERS OF MATTRESSES.
Agents for Furniture Manufactories.
—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN—
FURNITURE, MATRESSES AND KINDRED LINES.
—STAND BY THOSE WHO STAND BY YOU.—
BEWARE OF MONOPOLISTS.
WE LED IN THE INSTALLMENT SYSTEM HERE—OTHERS FOLLOWED.
Furniture has been cheaper in this market since we opened business than ever before.
We are continually opening large importations of Cheap, Medium and Fine Furniture to suit all classes.
It will save you money to get our prices before purchasing.
—DON'T MISTAKE THE PLACE.—
ROYALL & BORDEN,
S. E. Corner Market Square, Fayetteville, N. C.
Aug. 21, 1890.

WALTER WATSON.
—DEALER IN—
Hardware, Cutlery, Pistols.
GUNS, &c., &c.
Sporting Goods of Every Description.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Engine and Saw Mill Supplies.
Rubber Belting, Leather Belting, Lace and Belt Fastenings
OF ALL KINDS AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
Estimates and Correct Measurements Given for Machinery and Machinery Supplies.
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS ALWAYS IN STOCK
AT LIVING PRICES.
TURPENTINE AND EDGE TOOLS
—OF EVERY DESCRIPTION MANUFACTURED AND FOR SALE.—
Fayetteville, N. C.

EDGAR A. POE,
MANUFACTURER OF
BRICK,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Paving Brick and for Factory Use a Specialty. Capacity 20,000 per day. Correspondence solicited from Street-Paving Contractors, Factory Men and others in need of a genuine article. Best Brick manufactured South of Philadelphia; will stand a pressure of 100 tons. I am prepared to filll ALL orders, large or small. For further particulars, call on or address
E. A. POE,
October 18, 1889.—1y] Fayetteville, N. C.

CAUTION W. L. Douglas Shoes are warranted, and every pair has his name and price stamped on bottom.



$5.00 $4.00 $3.50 $2.50 $2.25 $2.00 FOR GENTLEMEN
$3.00 $2.00 FOR LADIES $2.00 & $1.75 FOR BOYS $1.75 FOR MISSES

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.
Fine Calf and Laced Waterproof Grain.
The excellence and wearing qualities of this shoe cannot be better shown than by the strong endorsements of its thousands of constant wearers.
$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, an elegant and stylish dress Shoe which commends itself.
$4.00 Hand-sewed Welt. A fine calf Shoe unequalled for style and durability.
$3.50 Goodyear Welt is the standard dress Shoe, at a popular price.
$3.00 Policeman's Shoe is especially adapted for railroad men, farmers, etc.
All made in Congress, Button and Lace.
$3 & $2 SHOES FOR LADIES,
have been most favorably received since introduced and the recent improvements make them superior to any shoes sold at these prices.
Ask your Dealer, and if he cannot supply you send direct to factory enclosing advertised price, or a postal for order blanks.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.
ROSE & LEAK,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Jan'y 2, 1890. 6m

COUPON FREE. OUR NEW $85 Solid Gold Watch FREE.
Worth $100.00. Best Watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted heavy, SOLID GOLD hunting case. Both ladies' and gent's sizes, with works and cases of equal value. ONE PERSON in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of Household Samples. These samples, as well as the watch, are free. All the work you need do is to show what we send you to those who call—your friends and neighbors and those about you—that our work results in valuable trade for us, which holds for years when once started, and thus we are repaid. We pay all express, freight, etc. After you know all, if you would like to go to work for us, you can earn from $20 to $50 per week and upwards. Address, Stinson & Co., Box 813, Portland, Maine.
march 20. 6m

W. G. CLARK,
—DEALER IN—
Choice Fancy and Family Groceries,
CIGARS, TOBACCO and SNUFF.
At John Culbreth's Old Stand, Haymount, and at the Eagle Grocery, No. 30, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.
When you want the MOST and best goods for the LEAST money, just step into these stores, and you will find any and everything you can wish for in the line of seasonable GROCERIES, FINE CANNED GOODS, Etc. It will pay you to take a look at this stock of goods, even if you do not wish to buy.
We can furnish you with the Best and also the Cheapest Flours on the Market, and guarantee to give you the most perfect satisfaction for the money
Feb'y 20, 1890. tf

C. H. LEGG & CO.,
Livery, Sale, Feed and Exchange Stables,
Nice new Turn-outs, new Buggies, new Carriages, new Teams. Carriages always at every Train. Drummers sent in the country at reasonable rates. Special attention given to BOARDING HORSES, doctoring horses, training fast horses or breaking horses, colts, &c.
Give us a trial and we will give satisfaction or take no pay. Remember that our C. H. Legg will be on hand all the time and ready to attend to business, and all business of the stables will be under his special supervision.
Horses, Mules, Buggies and Harness always on hand and for sale.
C. H. LEGG & CO.
Jan'y 9, 1890. tf

THE
MERCHANT MILLS
—BY—
J. D. McNEILL,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
are prepared to furnish you at cash prices with
CORN,
MEAL,
FLOUR,
SHIP STUFF,
FEED,
GRAIN, BRAN, &c.
Consult your interest and get their figures before buying.
May 8, 1890. tf

Pearce's Mill and Vineyard for Sale.
That valuable property known as Pearce's Mill and Vineyard is offered for sale. The tract contains 615 acres, of which about 15 acres are in scuppernong grapes in full bearing and in good condition. The vines have yielded 1,000 bushels of grapes in one year.
The mills consist of a saw and grist mill on a never failing stream, two and one half miles from Fayetteville.
There is a comfortable dwelling and suitable out houses on the premises.
For further particulars call on or address
C. W. BROADFOOT, Att'y
Fayetteville, N. C., April 24, 1890. tf

The North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts
Will Begin its 2nd Session September 4th.
The new and large shop buildings for working in iron and wood will be ready for occupation, and all the departments are equipped for thorough work. Expenses are less than in any similar college in existence. Many members of the Freshman class are already employed at remunerative salaries.
For further particulars address
ALEXANDER Q. HOLLADAY,
President, Raleigh, N. C.
Aug. 7, 1890. tf

OBSERVER.

Z. W. WHITEHEAD, SOLE OWNER.

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

"The Observer" is the second oldest paper n the State; is read by nine-tenths of the reading people of Cumberland, and circulates extensively throughout the counties of Robeson, Richmond, Moore, Harnett, Hoke, Columbus, New Hanover, Pender, Duplin, Sampson, Johnston, Anson, Chatham, Montgomery and Stanly, and Marion and Marlboro counties, S. C.

Z. W. WHITEHEAD, J. H. MYROVER, } Editors.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THURSDAY.....SEPTEMBER 4, 1890.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

1st District—W. O'B. Branch, of Carteret.
3rd District—R. F. Grady, of Duplin.
4th District—R. H. Bunn, of Nash.
5th District—A. H. A. Williams, of Granville.
6th District—S. B. Alexander, of Mecklenburg.
7th District—John S. Henderson, of Rowan.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE.

1st District—George H. Brown, Jr., of Beaufort.
2nd District—Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.
4th District—Spier Whitaker, of Wake.
5th District—E. W. Winston, of Granville.
6th District—E. T. Boykin, of Sampson.
7th District—James D. McIver, of Moore.
8th District—R. F. Armfield, of Iredell.
10th District—John G. Bynum, of Burke.

FOR SOLICITOR.

1st District, J. N. Blount, of Perquimans.
2nd District, J. M. Grizzard, of Halifax.
3rd District, Jno. E. Woodard, of Wilson.
4th District, E. W. Pou, Jr., of Johnston.
5th District, E. S. Parker, of Alamance.
6th District, O. H. Allen, of Lenoir.
7th District, Frank McNeill, of Richmond.
8th District, R. F. Long, of Iredell.
9th District, W. W. Barber, of Wilkes.
10th District, W. C. Newland, of Caldwell.
12th District, Geo. A. Jones, of Macon.

A FAIR SPECIMEN OF REPUBLICANISM.

"He made a number of harrowing, bugaboo statements about the election law. He dressed that measure in the most impossible garb and totally misrepresented it. He said the sun of God had never set upon a fair election in North Carolina since the inauguration of the present system of county government. He said the National Congress had heard 'our cry of distress, and were trying to come to our relief by the Federal election law.' Yes, and when that law was introduced, a great hue and cry was raised and it was called the 'force bill.' Now they say, if that law passes, there will be fighting and bloodshed! If so, bring out your army and *we'll meet you half way. I am tooth and toe nail in favor of that law*, and I want a President elected who will see that law enforced.

"'Yes; I am in favor of a President who will put a *man-of-war in every port from Maine to Florida* to see that the law is enforced; and I am further in favor of a President who will put a man with a *bayonet at every ballot box*, to see the provisions of that law enforced."'—*Raleigh Chronicle's report of V. S. Luske's speech in the Republican State Convention.*

To those who delude themselves with vague hallucinations about their duty in the approahing campaign and have grown careless about the future success of the Democratic party, its principles and defenders; to those who have followed its flag over many hard fought fields of battle, in triumph and adversity, but appear indifferent as to the results attending its future course; to those who would repudiate the encroachment upon our State's Right by an invading enemy, headed by Reed, Quay & Co.; to those who hold dear to their hearts the fundamental principle of local-self government, and nurse in their bosom a reverence and respect for the Anglo-Saxon race, typical of Southern valor and Southern manhood, with an unyielding desire for white supremacy in our Sunny South; it is to those whom we call the attention of the above; and with the tactics of the enemy staring us in the face, ask the question, can you, white men of Cumberland, longer remain silent? Let us therefore bury whatever differences individual preferences may have given rise to, and meet the enemy in one solid phalanx; touch shoulder to shoulder and elbow to elbow, and in peace, defend "our Country, God and native land" as bravely as those who defended us from 1861 to '65.

In the above extract from Luske's sheech we have a fair specimen of Republicanism. Take heed, therefore.

"A VOICE FROM WITHIN."

Anent the attack made by some of the colored leaders of the Republican party of North Carolina in their recent State Convention at Raleigh, upon the Democratic party for the distribution of the State school fund, we submit for the consideration of not only the colored race, but those who aided and abetted such a fusillade of abuse the following, taken from the Wilmington *Messenger's* Raleigh correspondent. It throws a good deal of light on this subject that we opine will be read with interest by the whites as well as the negroes, and should at least teach the latter a valuable lesson. Assuming that the action of the late Republican convention is a fair criterion of the sentiment of the colored people of this State—and we have no evidence to the contrary for the charge was vociferously cheered by the colored delegates—imagine the state of affairs existing in this country with the negroes occupying the places at present filled by the whites! Fellow-citizens, and readers of the OBSERVER, these are questions we may one day be confronted with. Our duty is therefore plain and unmistakable. Read the extract in question:

"Your correspondent yesterday afternoon looked over a number of the reports in the office of Maj. Finger, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, made by the school treasurers and county superintendents. Nothing could show in a plainer or more practical way what the white people of North Carolina are doing for colored education. The report of the treasurer of New Hanover shows that the receipts for the year ending June 30th, 1890, were $24,738, and that there was to be added to this a balance on hand of $13,767. There was paid white teachers $6,942, colored $5,551. For school sites for whites $13,-150 was paid, and $342 for colored. There are 13 white and 15 colored schools, the enrollment being 1,320 whites and 1,591 colored. There are in the county 2,793 white and 4,505 colored children of school age. The white people paid $8,476 school taxes, the blacks $1,750, while there was apportioned to white schools $3,491 and to those for blacks $5,631. The assessed value of white property was $5,352,311 and of that owned by blacks $330,513.

As a matter of interest a report, or rather reports, of the same kind from Durham county may be taken. These show 1,918 white and 1,318 negro children enrolled, there being of school age, 3,725 of the former and 2,550 of the latter. To white schools $7,630 and to black schools $5,202 was apportioned. The assessed value of white property was $5,217,867, and of black property $91,155."

We have on all occasions favored the betterment of the condition of the colored people in this State, but for all that we can do they appear ungrateful without reserve. What course the whites must pursue in the premises the future must say.

THE ONE THING NEEDFUL.

Harmony and uniformity of action, concentration of powers, never-tiring work and unflagging zeal have combined to work out miricals in the upbuilding of towns and cities as well as the development of things natural and unnatural. By such a combination Asheville, Winston, Durham, Oxford, Henderson, Norfolk, Roanoke and Richmond have been made to flourish and grow like the green bay tree. By such a combination the great Piedmont Exposition in Atlanta has been made the subject of unstinted praise and the pride of every Georgian's heart. It was by such a combination that made our own North Carolina Exposition in '84 the admiration of the world—"the apple of our eye," thrilling every Carolinian's heart with pride and admiration over our inexhaustible resources, gigantic developments and triumphant victory we thereby achieved. Thus we have abundant evidence of good results from such combinations. With such a combination—and it is a consummation most devoutly to be wished for—let us have and make the approaching Cumberland Fair a grand and glorious success—such a success as history furnishes no parallel for. Let our merchants, business men and others tax their generosity to the utmost and remembering that "charity begins at home," be as liberal in their contributions and premiums as their circumstances will permit of—as liberal at least as they have been with other Fairs. Let us encourage every branch of industry and have a grand exhibition of the products of the farm; the work of the needle, the artist, the mechanic, the chemist, science and art, the herdsman, the florists, the nursery-man, the manufacturers,—every thing in fact.

All this cannot be done by one man, or two men or three men; it requires the combined efforts of all our people—town and country—to make our Fair "blossom as the rose."

The Secretary has just informed us that the authorities purpose setting apart certain space for the exhibition of special premiums in order to afford the exhibitors an opportunity of seeing that which they are competing for. Other new and attractive features will be added, and by and through the aid and co-operation of our people the exhibit this year will be indeed a creditable one.

A SIGNAL FAILURE.

The inferiority of the last census report of Fayetteville as shown in our last issue is about on a par with the manner in which the Republican party does everything entrusted to its care. For those who got up the information we have no words condemnation, as we believe they did the best they could under the circumstances. But so far as accuracy is concerned the report is an utter failure, and if Fayetteville be considered a criterion, it falls far short of its purposes.

For instance: Fayetteville's population is put down at something over forty-two hundred, when in reality we have nearer five thousand, as we had a fraction over four thousand in 1880. Does any sane man believe that the population of Fayetteville has not increased more than two or three hundred during the past ten years? The natural increase of population would have been that much had there not been a factory started here during the whole time. But behold what Fayetteville has done within the past eighteen months in regard to factories, mills, &c., of various kinds. We append the following list of industries started here in the past two years, together with the number of operatives each one gives employment to:

INDUSTRIES.	NO. OPERATIVES.
Fayetteville Cotton Mills,	135
Wood and Willow Ware Co.,	38
Young Bro's Clothing Factory,	95
Fayetteville Canning Co.,	20
Carolina Roller Mills,	9
Grennamyer, McClare & Co.,	13
Fayetteville Lumber Co.,	14
N. B. Alexander,	13
McKethan's Bucket Factory,	15
Total,	348

Add to the above the increase of the pay-roll at the Railroad shops of from 15 in 1883 to 110 in 1890, to say nothing of a gradual increase in our population otherwise, and where is the census report?

The truth of the matter is our people, not content with such a report, ordered a census of the town, taken by Mr. John T. McKay and Capt. Jesse Kyle, which showed a population of 5,111, instead of 4,230, a gain of about one-fifth.

First Railroad Project Attempted in North Carolina.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Aug. 18, 1890

MESSRS EDITORS:

The paragraph in your last issue relating to the beginning of track-laying on the Yadkin Railroad between Salisbury and Albemarle, and the hopeful prospect for building a road between the latter place and Fayetteville, brings to realzation the project undertaken more than half a century ago. The route, is somewhat different, but the ideas the same in substance. The plan was to connect Fayetteville, the distributing point in the State for all the interior trade, with Salisbury, which, in its turn, was the distributing point for all the adjacent territory. Fayetteville, from its earliest history as a commercial point, was the receiving point for all the iron, the salt, the sugar, the matches the hardware, the crockery, the dry-goods is indispensable to the wants of the interior. These were first received from the Northern cities or from foreign ports at Wilmington, and then taken up the Cape Fear river by pole boats at first, subsequently by steam-boats and their attendant lighters to Fayetteville. This river penetrated with navigable waters further in the interior than any other river in the State, and the topography of the country made it the most convenient and acceptable point for the distribution of merchandise throughout the interior; and also the natural converging point for the agricultural productions of the wide extent of country extending from Salisbury as far East as Raleigh. This involved the concentration at Fayetteville of an enormous amount of merchandise to be distributed through the West, and also an equal vast accumulation of country produce to be sent down the river to the port of shipment.

The huge warehouses at Campbellton, and also in the town of Fayetteville from the foot of Haymount down to the "halfway bridge," some of which still remain, proved the immensity of the taffic in each direction, and the necesity of ample provision fo its accommodation.

The trade with the interior was conducted in large covered wagons drawn by teams of from four to six horses. It was an inspiriting sight and sound to see and hear these wagons on their route through the piney woods, travelling as they did in parties or caravans of six or eight, their high tilts gleaming in ghostly whiteness against the darb back-ground of the verdant pines, and their silent movement through the sand denoted only by the jingle of the bells with which the lead horses were all surmounted, or the resonant crack of the long whip lash or the cherry song of the lively driver. The system was picturesque; but it was tedious. Perhaps nothing so vividly illustrated the spirit of the old merchants of Fayetteville than the avidity with which they seized upon the suggestions made by the newly introduced railroad system. It was of very recent introduction and of improved value. Charleston was then building the first road in South Carolina, its western terminus to be at Hamburg, on the Savannah, opposite Augusta, one of those magic cities which was to spring into existence, as they do in these latter days, out of the necromancy of the railroad. Petersburg was construeting its first road to Blakely, on the Roanoke, below the present town of Weldon. Both Blakely and Hamburg are forgotten; but these two roads, the beginning of railroad work in the South, survive to find themselves the proud progenitors of the system which now includes fifty thousand miles of road south of Mason and Dixon's line.

Stimulated by the example of Charleston and Petersburg, the people of Fayetteville exerted themselves, and had very nearly achieved the honor of building the first railroad in North Carolina. At the session of the Legislature of 1833 a charter was obtained to construct a road from Fayetteville to Salisbury, the latter connected commercially to larger extent than any other town of the west with the former, and also most advantageously situated for the development of the trade expected from the growing piedmont country. The work of survey was actually completed between the two towns, passing through Carthage in Moore county, through Randolph, the lower part of Davidson, and into Rowan, crossing the Yadkin below the present crossing of the North Carelina Railroad.

This survey was completed in 1834. It is to me an interesting reminiscence that a life-long valued friend, afterwards the distinguished Duncan K. MacRae, was engaged in the survey, being put to such work as a boy of thirteen could do. His connection with the road was long impressed upon the memory of his friends by a somewhat painful incident, in which his hot temper, his quick resentment of injury and his fiery courage which never counted the cost, had illustration in an encounter with one of the surveying party, not altogether bloodless to the latter. I merely refer to it with the remark that the incident was characteristic, and brought no discredit upon MacRae.

The survey was completed, but the road was never built. The terminal communities were small, and relatively poor, and the intermediate country unable to give any aid. The State was not appealed to, because the custom of invoking State aid had not then been inaugurated. In those days there were no construction companies and no syndicates. Tradition, indeed says, that a company of wealthy Boston men agreed to undertake the building of the road, provided the management of the company were resigned absolutely into their hands. Fayetteville pride rebelled against the surrender of the scheme, with all the honors and profits, to foreign mercenaries. They could not of themselves do what they proposed; and when the Boston men retired, no other offer of aid was made. I do not vouch for the authenticity of this tradition. I was a boy at the time; and the story came to my ears long after most of those associated with the enterprise had passed away.

It is gratifying to know that what was projected so long ago, in the very earliest dawn of railroad enterprise, is to be accomplished now, though not exactly along the same route, the connection of Fayetteville and Salisbury by a practically direct line, is tribute to the sagacity and energies of our former townsmen who projected the work without the encouragement of experience, but with a sublime faith in the wisdom, necessity and profit of the undertaking. J. D. CAMERON.

Earthquakes and Their Causes.

BY HAMILTON MCMILLAN.

For The Fayetteville Observer.]

Half a century ago, Dr. Lilliman advanced the theory that there is a stream of meteoric matter around the sun revolving in an orbit more elliptical than that of our planet, the plane of which is inclined several degrees to that of the earth. The earth revolving in an orbit less elliptical, necessarily passes at certain inervals, near to the orbit of meteoric matter and sometimes actually passes through it.

From the pregnancy of meteoric phenomena during the months of August and November, it has been so clearly demonstrated that the earth, during these months, is in close proximity to this meteoric matter, that predictions of meteoric displays have been actually verified.

If we accept the Lillimanic theory as true we must remember that the more elliptical the orbit of any body passing around the sun, the perihelion will be much nearer to the sun than that of a body moving in an orbit similar to that of the earth. Passing in close proximity to the sun the matter becomes heated and highly electrified. We may safely assume that this vast stream of highly electrified matter must exert some influence upon the earth when the two are in close proximity to each other.

It has been clearly demonstrated that the equatorial current *running West*, is due to the revolution of the earth on its axis, and if we accept the theory that the interior of the earth is a molten mass, the same cause producing the equatorial current, will produce one in the molten sea beneath us. The latter moving more slowly westward, passes, like that on the earth's surface, along a path that affords least obstruction. Any disturbance of this great current on its passage would necessarily cause a disturbance of superincumbent mass, or in other words would produce an earthquake.

Earthquakes are of more frequent occurrence than is generally supposed. The seismometer at Washington disclosed the fact that 385 occurred in the United States in the year 1885. The number in Japan is at least 1200 per year or from 3 to 4 per day. It is a well established fact that *destructive* earthquakes are most frequent during the months of August and November, and these visitors come in those months upon the conjunction of the sun and moon, when the earth was in close proximity to the orbit of this meteoric mass, as was the case of the earthquake in August 1884.

The theory intended to be advanced here, is that vast tides occur in the molten sea beneath us, produced by the conjunction of the sun and moon, aided by the attraction of the meteoric matter occurring in close proximity at same time. These tides meet obstruction in their accustomed channels and produce earthquakes. The Mallett theory may account for local disturbances but not for such startling and destructive phenomena, occuring at times when we know that causes, like those above mentioned, will more satisfactorily account for them.

We may add that this meteoric belt of probably higher electrified matter may account for variations of the magnetic needle.

The Alliance and the Sub-Treasury.

Raleigh News-Observer.]

As bearing on an article credited to the Statesville *Landmark* by an Alliance man of this State, we reprint the following items:

At the meeting of the Farmers' and Laborers' Union at Sedalia, Missouri, on August 17th, a resolution favoring the sub-treasury scheme was defeated.

At a meeting of the State Alliance of Virginia last week, at Lynchburg, where Col. Polk delivered one of his very finest speeches, a resolution favoring the sub-treasury bill was largely defeated.

At a meeting of the Farmers' Alliance of Texas, at Dallas, on August the 22, notwithstanding that was the State of Dr. Macune, the originator of the bill, who has made most strenuous efforts in its behalf, the Alliance refused to put it in their resolutions; but referred it to the sub-alliances for discussion.

At a meeting held last week, the Chester county, S. C., Farmers' Alliance refused, by a decisive vote, to endorse the sub-treasury scheme.

At a called meeting of the Hampton county, S. C., Farmers' Alliance on August 20th, a resolution endorsing the sub-treasury bill was laid on the table.

In Alabama and Mississippi it is understood that the farmers have about come to the conclusion that the proposed bill will not answer a good purpose.

We think it would be well for the Farmers' Alliance to consult with experienced men outside of their body, and see if some measure cannot be devised that will meet the approval of all the State Alliances; for without unity of action and harmony, and unless all work for a common purpose, the strength of the Alliance will be frittered away, and no remedy will be obtained for the evils that afflict the farmers and the agricultural States.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For Sale by B. E. Sedberry, & Son, Fayetteville, N. C.

A BOON TO THE SICK.

Dr. King's Royal Germetuer is endorsed by Rev. J. B. Hawthorne, pastor First Baptist Church, Atlanta, Ga., who says: "It is a great remedy." Rev. Sam P. Jones says: "I wish every poor suffering wife had access to that medicine." Thousands of others attest its virtues. Fifty gallons are drunk in Atlanta daily, where it is performing remarkable cures. It removes the cause of disease and builds up from the first dose. Send stamp for full particulars, certificates of wonderful cures, etc., to King's Royal Germetuer Co., Atlanta, Ga. IT CURES WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS. Price, $1.50 per concentrated bottle, which makes one gallon of medicine as per directions accompanying each bottle. Can be sent by express C. O. D. if your druggist cannot supply you.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtain, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a *hopeless victim of consumption* and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle, and to her delight found herself benefited from first dose. She continued its use, and, after taking ten bottles, found herself sound and well; now does her own housework and is as well as she ever was. Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store; large bottles 50c. and $1.00.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmons, postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine; made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies. He found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50c. a bottle, at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

N. C. BACON—		FODDER,	75
Hog Round,	8	HIDES—	
Sides,	9	Flint—good,	6
Hams,	12½	Flint—damaged,	5
WEST. BULK MEATS—		Dry Salt,	7
Sides,	6¼	Green,	3
Shoulders,	5½	IRON—	
WESTERN BACON—		American,	3
Sides,	6½	Swedes,	5@6
Hams,	15	LARD—	
Shoulders,	6½@8	N. Carolina,	10
BAGGING,	00	Western,	9
BEEF—		LEATHER—	
Ox foot,	?	Upper, country,	35@40
Dressed,	5@6	Sole, Hemlock,	25@27,
BEESWAX,	18	Harness, c'ntry,	25@30
BUTTER—		MOLASSES,	25@40
North Carolina,	20@25	NAILS—	
Northern,	25@35	(12d basis),	2.60
COFFEE—		PORK—	
Java,	30	Fresh,	5@6
Rio,	22½@25	Mess,	(None.)
COTTON YARN,	85@95	POTATOES—	
COTTON TIES,	00	Sweet—new,	65
CHICKENS,	15@20	Irish—o	1.00
EGGS	15	SALT,	95
FLOUR—		SUGARS—	
N. C. Family,	3.50	Coffee,	7
West. Fam.,	5.00@6.00	Granulated,	9
CORN MEAL—	75	SHEETINGS,	5½
GRAIN—		SHUCKS,	45
Corn—new,	80	TALLOW,	5
Oats,	60	WOOL,	18
Rye,	90	SPIRITS—	
Peas,	75	Corn Whisky,	1.75@2.00
HAY—		Rye Whisky,	1.75@3.00
N. Carolina,	40@60	Ap. Brandy,	1.75@3.00
Northern,	1 00	Peh Brandy,	1.75@3.00

Fayetteville Cotton and Naval Stores Market.

Corrected by A. E. Rankin & Co.

Good Middling	11¼
Middling	11¼
Strict Low Middling	10¼

Turpentine, $2.30 to $2.70 per barrel

NAVAL STORES.—Spirits 35½ cents

Rosin was steady, prices ranging from 85 to 90 for common.

Wilmington Market.

WILMINGTON, N. C. Aug. 19.

COTTON.—Cotton steady, with sales on a basis of 11¼ cents for Middling.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market steady at 37½ cents per gallon.

ROSIN.—The market quoted firm at 90 cents per bbl. for Strained and $95 cents for Good Strained.

TAR—Firm $1.50.

TURPENTINE (Crude) Distillers quote the market firm at $2.10 for Virgin, $2.10 for Yellow Dip and $1.25 for Hard.

THE ORTON.

Wilmington is the gateway to the great seaside resorts of North Carolina, and summer visitors should not fail to stop at THE ORTON, Wilmington's elegant hotel. THE ORTON is a magnificent structure, finely fitted with modern improvements, elevators, electric lights and all conveniences.

Special low rates to excursion parties during the summer season.

Train leaving Fayetteville at 2:15 P. M. and arriving at Wilmington at 5:45 P. M.

Ample accommodations, excellent fare, polite treatment and low rates characterize THE ORTON.

J. E MONTAGUE, Manager.

Aug. 14, 1890. 2m

REV. SAM. P. JONES REV. J. B. HAWTHORNE

WHAT THEY SAY ABOUT

DR. KING'S ROYAL GERMETUER

The following is an extract from a letter written by the World Renowned Evangelist:

"I returned from Tyler, Texas, on the 12th inst. I find my wife has been taking Royal Germetuer to the GREAT UPBUILDING of her physical system. She is now almost free from the distressing headaches with which she has been a MARTYR for twenty years. Surely it has done wonders for her! I WISH EVERY POOR SUFFERING WIFE HAD ACCESS TO THAT MEDICINE."

Rev. J. B. Hawthorne, Pastor First Baptist church, Atlanta, Ga., was cured of a long standing case of Catarrh. His wife had been an invalid from nervous headache, neuralgia, and rheumatism FOR THIRTY YEARS, scarcely having a day's exemption from pain. After taking Royal Germetuer two months, he writes: "A more complete transformation I have never witnessed. EVERY SYMPTOM OF DISEASE HAS DISAPPEARED. She appears to be twenty years younger, and is as happy and playful as a healthy child. We have persuaded many of our friends to take the medicine, and the testimony of all of them is that it is a great remedy."

Dr. King's Royal Germetuer is a boon to women. It builds up the strength, increases the appetite, aids digestion, relieves them of the cause of disease, and insures health.

It is an infallible cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Insomnia, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Palpitation, Liver, Bladder and Kidney Diseases, Chills and Fevers, Catarrh, all Blood and Skin Diseases, Female Troubles, etc.

Prompted by a desire to reach more suffering people, the price has been reduced from $2.50 to $1.50 per concentrated bottle, which makes one gallon of medicine as per directions accompanying each bottle. For sale by the

ATLANTIC GERMETUER CO. Atlanta, Ga. and by Druggists. If your Druggist can not supply you, it can be sent by express.

Send stamp for full particulars, certificates of wonderful cures, etc.

March 13, 1890. 1y

Prospectus of the Fayetteville Gaded School.

The next session of the above school will begin on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 15th, 1890, at the Donaldson Academy buildings, and will be conducted on same plan as has proven so successful for the past year. Children of parents living in Cross Creek district will be received in all the common school grades free.

Children of parents outside of Cross Creek will be required to pay fifteen dollars tuition for any of the common school grades. Patrons of the higher or Latin grades will be required, before receiving certificates of scholarship, which entitle their children to enter school, to give their notes as heretofore for tuition at the following rates

For 1st Latin grade twenty dollars.
For 2nd Latin grade twenty-five dollars.
For 3rd Latin grade twenty-five dollars.
For 4th Latin grade thirty dollars.

If sufficient encouragement is offered the school will be advanced one grade higher at tuition of thirty-five dollars, which will enable patrons to keep their sons and daughters at home for another year, and thereby save the hundreds of dollars which education costs in other schools at other places.

All patrons are asked to come forward at once and make the necessary arrangements with the Executive Committee and take their certificates of scholarship.

The Trustees desire to elect as soon as possible a full corps of teachers.

Delay in applying for certificates leaves trustees, teachers and all concerned in embarrassing doubt and uncertainty. We appeal to our patrons not to put off this matter to the last moment.

Again pointing with pride to our past record and good work, we ask for generous, hearty and prompt support.

For further particulars apply to

WALTER WATSON, President Board of Trustees.

C. W. BROADFOOT, CHAS. HAIGH, R. M. NIMOCKS, } Ex. Com.

Fayetteville, N. C., June 25, 1890. tf

W. H. NEWBEURY,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

—MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN—

BUILDERS' MATERIAL, HOUSE TRIMMINGS, WEATHERBOARDING, CEILING, FLOORING, MOULDINGS,

COLUMNS, BRACKETS, DOORS, STAIR RAILS, NEWEL POSTS,

SASHES AND WREATHS,

TURNED AND SAWED BALUSTERS.

Scroll Sawing and Turning a Specialty.

Rough and Dressed Lumber.

Orders Solicited and Work Guaranteed.

Aug. 14, 1890. tf

SELF-PRIMING PUMPS.

We take great pleasure in calling the attention of the trade to the advantages this pump has over the common style pump. The valve of the common style pump being on bottom, sand collects under the valve and causes the water to leak out of pump; the pump has to be primed with water to get a suction, which is very inconvenient.

The Self Priming Pump overcomes this trouble, as the valve is on a tube extending up in pump four inches (if sand collects under the valve, which is almost impossible) the valve being four inches above bottom of pump the water will stand four inches deep, which is sufficient to start the pump without priming with water. The packing being always under water, it will last a greater length of time without repacking. It is arranged with drain plug to let off water to prevent freezing.

Compare the two pumps before buying, as the self-primer will save you trouble and expense.

Sold by the hardware trade generally.

Hundreds sold every week.

Manufactured by W. & B. Douglas, Middletown, Conn.; 85 & 87 John Street, New York, and 195 Lake Street, Chicago.

For sale by C. A. HOLLAND, Hardware House, Maxton, N. C.

July 24, 1890. 1m

The State Fair.

Remember the dates—October 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th, STATE FAIR. One cent a mile. It will be the best Fair ever held in the South. Success o the last one guarantees it. Great agricultural, industrial, educational and social features. For premium list and information address THE SECRETARY, Box 58, Raleigh, N. C.

Aug. 21, 1890. tf

State Colored Normal School.

The Fourteenth Annual Session of the State Colored Normal School will begin on Monday, September 15th, 1890. A full attendance is solicited. G. H. WILLIAMS, A. B., Principal.

Aug. 21, 1890—1m]

TEACHER.

Wanted, a Male Teacher to fill the place of Assistant Superintendent of the Fayetteville Graded School References required. Session begins September 15th. Apply at once.

C. W. BROADFOOT, CHAS. HAIGH, R. M. NIMOCKS, } Ex. Com.

Fayetteville, N. C., Aug. 18, 1890. tf

RAILROAD SHOES.

SHOP MEN.
YARD MEN.
CONDUCTORS.
ENGINEERS.
FIREMEN.
BAGGAGE MEN.
EXPRESS MESSENGERS,
MAIL AGENTS.

See this Shoe whether you want to buy or not. I have just received 500 pairs of them, and they are entirely new in this section, made expressly for wear and comfort, and known as Ziegler Bros. Railroad Shoes. It is claimed that they

Will Last 12 Months,

and they certainly look like they will. They are made especially for your business, and you will lose nothing by looking at them.

FOR SALE ONLY BY

FRANK THORNTON.

Aug. 14, 1890. 3t

Lumber Bridge High School.

Fall session opens August 25th. Tuition from $1.50 to $3.00 per month. Board $7.00 per month. For thorough practical scholarship, effective discipline, healthful location and good morals this school is unsurpassed. For full particulars write

J. A. MONROE, A. M., Lumber Bridge, N. C.

Aug. 14, 1890. 1m

J. C. STEVENSON & TAYLOR,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

Wholesale Dealers in Fancy and Staple Groceries. Correspondence solicited. Samples on application.

march 20. 1y

WOODY & CURRIE.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Commission Merchants. Groceries, Provisions and Farm Supplies at Bottom Prices.

march 20. tf

JOHN J. HEDRICK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—

Dealer in Fancy and Staple Dry Goods and Gents' Furnishing Goods. march 20—1y

WORTH & WORTH,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

Importers of Genuine Cuba Molasses.

Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Provisions, Salt, Lime, Cement and Farm Supplies.

Offer at all times a complete stock of Groceries, Provisions and Staple Supplies of every description, of the Best Quality and at the Lowest Prices. All goods shipped and fully guaranteed as to quality and price. March 13, 1890—tf

R. W. HICKS,

WHOLESALE GROCER, WILMINGTON, N. C.

Bacon, Lard, Flour, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Case Goods, Canned Goods, Cakes, Crackers, Tobacco, Snuff, Segars, Cheroots, Nails, Hoop Iron, Glue, Bungs, Hay, Corn, Oats, Meal, Grits, Baking Powders, Butter, Cheese, Candy, Starch, Salt, Hams, Vinegar, Shot, Powder, Caps, Buckets, Brooms, Twine, Peanuts, Nutmegs, Spices. Ladies' Favorite Flour. March 13, 1890—1y

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers.

Our Hardware Department comprises an immense stock of General Hardware, including Guns and Cutlery of our own importation. Also a full line of

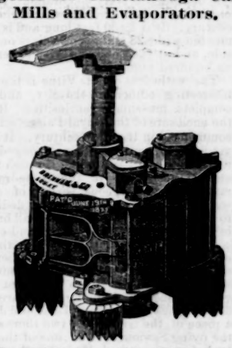
Patent Bottom Tinware.

Our Crockery Department comprises a large assortment of Glassware, Lamps, &c. Also the best make of English Earthenware, both plain white and decorated goods of our own direct importation. Merchants cannot do better anywhere in this country than by buying of us, as we defy competition and guarantee prices and goods. Therefore we ask for your patronage.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO., Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

March 13, 1890. 1y

Agents for Chattanooga Cane Mills and Evaporators,



McMILLAN BROS.,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Trinity College.

Terms begin September 4 and January 1.

1. A high-grade College for young men.
2. Expenses $150 to $200 per year, including fees, board, tuition ($25 a term), room-rent, washing, books.
3. Over 150 courses in collegiate studies this year. Fifteen business courses. Special students may spend entire time on any desired course. Five regular programs of courses ea'c) leading to degrees.

Special advantages in Civil Engineering, Political Science, History, Chemistry, Languages, Oratory, Public Discussions. Write for catalogue to

JOHN F. CROWELL, President Trinity College, Randolph County, N C.

Aug. 7, 1890. 1y

The Water of Life,

From Mount Vernon Springs, Chatham County, N. C.

LOCATION.

It is located in a beautiful little village, one mile from Ore Hill Station on the C. F. & Y. V. R. R., 40 miles south of Greensboro. The location is free from all malarial influences.

DESCRIPTION.

Here one finds mineral water of fine quality in a spring five feet deep. It is pleasant to the taste, cool and light as air itself. Marvellous cures in dyspepsia have been effected by the use of the water, and cutaneous diseases which have baffled medical skill have yielded to it. The water is not surpassed by any mineral water in the State.

It acts powerfully upon the kidneys, causes the urine to flow freely, and corrects entirely that extreme acidity of the urine which is often so painful; it also acts gently upon the bowels; it being especially good to aid digestion, stimulates the appetite, corrects the acidity of the stomach, and builds up the system.

It bubbles up through a crevice in a rock; wet or dry weather it never increases or diminishes in flow.

MT. VERNON SPRINGS HOTEL.

J. M. Foust, Owner and Proprietor, Mount Vernon Springs, N. C.

One mile from Ore Hill. Comfortable Rooms. Fare Good. Conveyance meet trains.

Terms: $1.50 to $2.00 per day; $7.00 per week; $20.00 to $25.00 per month of four weeks. Special rates to families. Correspondence solicited, and any information gladly given.

This place is second to none as a Summer Resort for those who like a quiet, home-like place. A charming spot to those who seek a place of rest and recreation.

The house is large and comfortable, with 500 feet of piazza running the entire length of the three buildings. The addition of 10 rooms at the west end gives 40 rooms. The rooms are large enough and well ventilated. From the piazza one overlooks the springs and scans the fine prospect beyond.

Around the premises is a dense oak forest through which comes a bracing breeze.

For the amusement of the guests there is a good ten pin alley and ball room. Beautiful shady walks and drives in every direction.

It may be truthfully said nature has done a wonderful part here.

No mosquitoes nor gnats. No stagnant water any where near. The drainage is perfect.

Dr. J. C. Kirkman, Attending Physician.

June 19, 1890. 2m

McDUFFIE'S CHILL CURE!

HAVE YOU TRIED IT?

THIS IS NO HUMBUG—IT IS A POSITIVE CURE FOR CHILLS AND FEVER. A GUARANTEE TO CURE OR MONEY REFUNDED GOES WITH EACH BOTTLE.

PRICE 50 cts.

W. C. McDUFFIE, Jr.,

DRUGGIST.

Aug. 21, 1890.

THE C. O. D. CLOTHING STORE.

GOODS MARKED WITH PLAIN FIGURES SO THAT A CHILD CAN BUY AS CHEAPLY AS A MAN.

WILL SELL STRAW HATS

AND OTHER SUMMER GOODS AT GREAT REDUCTIONS.

THE C. O. D. CLOTHING STORE,

GEO. ROSENTHAL.

July 10, 1890.

Capacity 1,600 Barrels Per Day.

FLOUR! FLOUR!!

AT WHOLESALE ONLY.

500 Barrels just received from our elegant mills at Carlinville, Ill.

We have opened a branch house in yonr city for the purpose of supplying flour on demand. We will guarantee our goods to any on the market. Prices unsurpassed. Call and see or write our representatives, Messrs. J. UNDERWOOD & BRO., Williams Building, Fayetteville, N. C.

July 24, 1890. YAEGER FLOUR MILL CO.

Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills, Cotton Presses, Pulleys, Shafting and General Machinery.

MORE COTTON PRESSES IN USE THAN ANY OTHER FACTORY.

LIDDELL COMPANY,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

June 12, 1890. tf

NEW GOODS

—AT—

THE RACKET STORE

JUST RECEIVED ANOTHER LARGE LOT OF

Men's, Boys' and Children's Straw Hats

bought from foreclosure sale in Washington. Prices average about 50c. on the dollar.

Ladies' and Children's Ox

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Published Every Thursday at 19 Green Street (Observer Building.)

THURSDAY.....SEPTEMBER 4, 1890.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Weekly one year (in advance).....$2 00
Weekly six months (in advance)..... 1 00

☞ No name entered without payment, and no paper sent after expiration of time paid for.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication. Four weeks constitute a month.

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

☞ The Editors of this paper will in no wise be responsible for the views expressed by correspondents.

☞ All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SENATE IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY—16th DISTRICT
JOHN A. GREEN,
OF HARNETT.

FOR GENERAL ASSEMBLY, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:
THOS. H. SUTTON,
A. P. McGILL.

FOR SHERIFF:
JAMES B. SMITH.

FOR CLERK OF SUPERIOR COURT:
CHAS. G. CAIN.

FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS.
H. L. HALL.

FOR TREASURER:
JOHN B. TROY.

FOR CORONER:
DR. JAS. W. McNEILL.

FOR SURVEYOR:
JOHN B. DOWNING.

Winter Quarters.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Bidgood have taken rooms at the Hotel LaFayette for the winter.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Company will be held this year at Wilmington, October 2nd.

Liberty Point Fire.

Fire broke out at Liberty point late Saturday afternoon, but a prompt response on the part of the fire department soon squelched the flames, and but little or no damage was done.

Narrow Escape from Drowning.

The *Star* of Sunday last gives the particulars of the narrow escape from drowning in Wrightsville surf of Mrs. J. J. Hayes, formerly of this town, and her sister, last Saturday. Mrs. Hayes was unconscious when rescued.

The Canning Factory.

The Fayetteville Canning Company commenced operations the past week and will continue the canning of fruits, vegetables, &c., for the remainder of the season. The products of this factory find ready sale wherever introduced, the quality of the goods being the equal of the very best.

Cumberland Right Side Up With Care.

Clerk Cain informed an OBSERVER reported one day this week that he had not issued a writ since July term Cumberland Superior Court, which within itself shows a remarkable state of ease and satisfaction among the people of Cumberland. How many other counties in the State can say as much?

Republican Congressional Convention.

The Republican Convention of this, the 3rd Congressional district, will be held at Warsaw, September 24th, ostensibly for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress on the Republican ticket. The Chairman also informs us that the Cumberland Republicans will hold their Convention on or about Saturday, September 20th.

The New Evangelist for Fayetteville Presbytery.

Rev. L. C. Vass, of New Bern, has accepted the call to the Evangelistic field of Fayetteville Presbytery, to succeed Dr. Mack, who goes to South Carolina, as State Evangelist. Mr. Vass comes highly recommended, both as an exemplary christian gentleman and preacher of the gospel, and will enter upon his labors in the near future.

Cotton Coming In.

The admirable facilities offered by the Fayetteville Cotton market for grading and otherwise handling the fleecy staple, as well as for getting the highest market prices, has doubtless been a strong incentive for many to bring their cotton hither. Already Fayetteville has received 126 bales this season, as against nothing up to this time last year—September 7th being the date of the receipt of the first bale on this market in '89. Seore one more for Fayetteville.

A Flattering Call Declined.

Rev. W. B. Oliver, of the Baptist Church here, has received a call to the pastorate of the first Baptist Church at Greenville, S. C., with a salary of $1,400 and parsonage, but has declined, and much to the delight of his congregation in this city as well as his many warm friends and admirers outside his church, will remain in Fayetteville. Under his pastoral charge the Baptist Church in Fayetteville prospered more and is in a better condition, spiritually and financially, than at any period in its history, so we hear from one of its members.

Heavy Freight.

The increase of freight over the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad within the past thirty days, compared with a corresponding period of last year, is simply enormous. Between 6 o'clock Sunday evening last and 10 o'clock Monday morning 119 loaded cars left Fayetteville over this line for various points. Four new engines will be brought into service as soon as completed by the manufacturers, with other rolling stock in proportion, all of which will be needed to move the freght along the line of this road. To drop in on "Judge" Lake as he "views the landscape o'er" with a long line of heavily loaded freight cars rolling into the freight depot affords the eye witness a scene almost second to that attributed McClammy by the New York *World* over the Republican pow-wow in Congress a few days since.

Sedberry—Hunter.

On yesterday morning at 8 o'clock Fayetteville's wedding season was begun by the marriage of Mr. Clarence D. Sedberry, son of our popular druggist, Mr. B. E. Sedberry, and Miss Fannie B. Hunter, one of our most charming and talented young ladies, the daughter of Dr. E. L. Hunter, of Enfield, N. C., and sister of Dr. T. M. Hunter, of this place. The ceremony was performed at the Hay Street Methodist Church, by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Byrd. The altar was beautifully decorated with the most lovely flowers of the season, the space in front of the altar being spanned by a graceful floral arch with initial letters of bride and groom, "S. & H." interwoven. The decorations were very much admired, and many compliments were bestowed upon the artist, Mrs. Salms. The bridal couple entered and left the church to the music of the grand old "Wedding March," Mendelsohn's, admirably executed by the organist, Miss Warwick. The ushers were Mr. Stiles Sedberry, Dr. J. H. Marsh, Mr. L. B. Love and Mr. Albert E. Ellis.

The happy young couple left on the Atlantic Coast Line train for an extended tour of the Northern cities and Canada, followed by the good wishes of a host of warm friends.

The groom is one of Fayetteville's most popular young business men, who justly ranks among the first pharmacists in the State, and by his urbanity and uprightness in life, enjoys the esteem and confidence of a large circle of friends; while the bride is a lady of rare accomplishments, rendered popular by her many graces and charms. The OBSERVER joins a host of friends in wishing for this newly made man and wife a long life of happiness without end,

"With two souls but a single thought,
Two hearts that beat as one."

Steel Rails for the A. C. L. Extension.

Twenty car loads of seventy pound steel rails have arrived here for the southern extension of the Atlantic Coast Line South, between this city and Rowland, with others soon to follow. As soon as the track is all laid between these points, it is the purpose of the company to either double track or substitute 70 lb. rails for the remainder of the entire line between Charleston and Richmond. Thus Fayetteville becomes the intermediate point between New York and Jacksonville.

A daily freight to run between here and Wilson will be placed on the schedule on or about the 10th inst., relieving the passenger train of the annoyance of hauling freight and passengers both, and a shorter schedule will go into effect at the same time; leaving here in the morning at 9:30 instead of 8:40 as at present; returning, arriving here at 5:30 instead of 6:00 as heretofore.

Even the most doubtful is now justified in believing that the Coast Line authorities mean business "from the word go," in the matter of the extension of the Short Cut route, and that we are soon to be on the great through line from the North to the South.

Capt. Southerland tells us that the daily freight which goes on September 10th will leave here about 8 A. M., making quick despatch to Norfolk *via* Norfolk & Carolina Railroad, and also to other Northern points.

How Steve Jacobs Was Captured.

From last week's Maxton *Union* we clip the following account of the arrest and capture of Steve Jacobs, the notorious Croatan outlaw who is under sentence of death:

"Steve Jacobs is safely confined in Lumberton jail. He is very communicative about his escape and sojourn in Florida and Georgia. He says the lock was cut by Byrd with an old case knife he hooked from the outside, and that he left North Carolina about the time we met him on the 1st of last November. He was slightly wounded several weeks ago, and for several days he was in the woods of Georgia without food or friends. He at last got to house of some old friend near Jessup, and here he was spotted on Sunday last, and that night the house was surrounded. But it being known that he was heavily armed and an approach could not be made to the house without loss of life, it was determined by the posse to cannonade it, but before the cannon arrived Jacobs sent a messenger to Mr. Hendrick, who was in command, that he would surrender if Hendrick would lay down his arms and come to the house. This was done, and Jacobs was soon in irons. In the house were two Henry rifles and a double barrel shot gun, but Steve says they belong to the occupants, who had been arrested as they left the house Monday morning going to their work. Steve is very much cowed and seems to realize that his days are few. Gov. Fowle has been notified and will re-sentence him to be hung at an early date."

Steve will pay the penalty of his awful crime at the end of a rope on the 26th, at Lumberton.

Duplin Democracy Heard From.

The Democratic Convention of Duplin met at Kenansville Tuesday, pursuant to announcement, and nominated the following strong ticket:

For the Senate, John A Bryan.
For the House, D. J. Meddleton.
For Sheriff, Jas. G. Kenan.
For Clerk of Court, John A. Gavin.
For Register of Deeds, Thaddius Jones.
For Treasurer, J. R. Wells.
For Coroner, A. D. Johnston.
For Surveyor, D. T. McMillan.

Vance and the State Democratic platform were heartily endorsed.

Mr. J. B. Oliver was made Chairman and Matthew Pearsall Secretary of the Convention, with Mr. Peter Kornegy Assistant Secretary.

The ticket is indeed a strong one and will be elected by an overwhelming majority.

Religious Notes.

On and after this date Rev. C. W. Byrd, who has reputation as an impressive preacher as well as original thinker, will conduct night services in the Hay Street M. E. church every Sunday night, the summer vacation season having expired.

Fine Sermon.

Rev. John M. Rose filled Rev. Mr. Barclay's pulpit in the Presbyterian Church here Sunday morning and night, preaching two most beautiful and instructive sermons to large audiences.

A Step in the Right Direction.

Accepting the suggestion made in the OBSERVER a few days since, the City Council held a special meeting Monday afternoon ostensibly for the purpose of taking some action with regard to having the advantages of Fayetteville succinctly laid before the authorities of the Lynchburg & Durham Railroad, with a view to securing its ultimate extension to Fayetteville. As stated before, Fayetteville offers advantages as an objective point for this line of railway possessed by no other town in the State, and this much will be shown. We append the resolution adopted as follows:

WHEREAS, The Lynchburg & Durham Rail road has been completed to Durham, N. C., and will probably be very soon extended in this direction; and, whereas, its extension in a direct line would bring it to this town; and, whereas, the people of this town and county, knowing the great benefit that it would be to them, are anxious to see said road extended to Fayetteville;

Resolved, That the Chairman and two other Commissioners be selected by him, be appointed as a committee to call the attention of said company to the advantages of making Fayetteville an objective point in the further extension of said road; and also to make known to them that this Board and the people of this town and section of country will, in every way in their power, promote and favor the extension of said road to Fayetteville.

The committee, in accordance with the above, consists of Mayor N. W. Ray, Capt. S. C. Rankin and Maj. A. A. McKethan, in whose hands the matter will receive every attention, and by whom the manifold interests of Fayetteville will be elaborately set forth and promoted.

The Board continued the business of their regular monthly meeting by granting Mr. A. H. Slocomb the privilege to erect telegraph poles in the city for a private wire.

Petitions were received from the citizens of Campbellton and "Upper Fayetteville." fer police protection, which, on motion, was referred to the Mayor and Town Marshal for investigation, with the power to appoint special deputies. The petitioners complain of loud swearing, drunkenness and other immoral conduct, such as should be abated, and we hope all good people will unite in putting down such nuisances.

Personal Pencilings.

Mr. D. A. McDuffie has returned to Wake Forest College.

Mr. John W. Woody, of Wilmington, was here one day this week.

Mr. Wm. Overby, of Charlotte, is visiting in Fayetteville.

Glad to have a pleasant visit Tuesday from E. L. Hunter, Esq., of Enfield.

Mr. E. W. Overbaugh, of the Central Hotel, Charlotte, is in the city for a few days.

Mr. E. E. Howell, of the Southern Express Company, has returned from a pleasant visit to his old home in Goldsboro.

Misses Laura and Nellie Pemberton left last week for Charlotte, whither they go to enter the Charlotte Female Institute.

Mr. Wash. Williams, of Wilmington and Mr. John D. Williams of this place went up to Greensboro Tuesday.

Mr. L. B. Love, of Rowland, has been in the city for a few days shaking hands with his host of friends here.

Mr. W. H. Gilbert, the popular traveling salesman for Messrs. W. E. Springer & Co., Wilmington, was here yesterday.

Mr. T. L. Gibson and family, of Hickory, N. C., are visiting friends and relatives in and near the city.

Sheriff Smith, Col. J. A. Pemberton and Col. J. B. Starr have returned from a pleasant sojourn of three days at Carolina Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Branch, of Wilmington, formerly residents of Fayetteville, are spending a few days here.

Mrs. W. O. Lockamy, wife of Capt. Lockamy, of the C. F. & Y. V. R'y, has returned from a pleasant visit to Wilmington.

Miss Giddens, of Goldsboro, returned to her home last week, after spending a few weeks very pleasantly with friends in this city.

Miss Jennie McDuffie has returned to Fayetteville after a visit of seven months to her brothers and their families in Macon and Athens, Georgia.

Miss Annie H. Band, of Chester, Pa., who has been visiting the family of Mr. S. H. Cotton, at Hope Mills, returned to her home last Saturday.

The family of Mr. Walter Watson are the only representatives of this city now at Carolina Beach, Mr. H. I. McDuffie having returned with his family last Saturday.

Messrs A. A. McKoy, W. J. Kemp and Misses Lizzie McKoy, Kate McKoy, Pauline Lesesne and Dasie Lesesne, of Bladdn, were registered at the Overbaugh Monday.

Our enterprising townsman, Mr. F. W. Thornton, left Tuesday for New York to meet French and English steamers with latest importations, from which he will supply his customers.

Rev. Jno. M. Rose leaves this week for a short visit to his brother, Mr. T. M. Rose, at Norfolk, whence he returns to Fayetteville, on his return to Spartanburg, S. C.

Miss Kate B. McPherson and Elsie McGill, of Seventy-first left last Saturday for the Salem Female Academy, and were joined at this place by Miss Lizzie Wooten, of Richmond county.

Capt. Jno. B. Hussey, spent the day here last week in the interest of extending the circulation of the *National Democrat*, in our humble judgment the ablest edited paper in the United States to-day.

Mr. J. T. McCorqudale, of Harnett, and a life-long friend of the OBSERVER made us a pleasant visit Tuesday, and reports the cotton crop extraordinarily fine in his section, the major part of which will or should come to Fayetteville.

Mr. F. R. Rose and lady have returned from quite an extensive summer tour, during which time they took in Old Point Comfort, Virginia Beach, Jersey City, Bar Harbor, Cape May and Campobello, the latter place being under the management of mine host Barker of the Hotel LaFayette in this city.

Commissioners Meeting.

At the regular September meeting of the Board of county commissioners here Monday a full Board was present, and the minutes of last meeting read and approved.

W. J. Ayer was appointed registrar for Pearce's Mill precinct, vice E. A. Poe, resigned; M. W. King for Kingsbury precinct, D. C. Downing for Cedar Creek, G. H. King for Flea Hill, vice W. G. Holmes resigned, A. McBuie for Eureka Springs precinct.

John K. Ray was appointed to repair Lamont's bridge over Little River.

The Enterprise Land and Improvement Company was granted the right to construct a tram railway parallel with the old Centre plank road, from the 13 mile post to Puppy Creek.

The repairs of the bridge over Juniper Creek was referred to M. A. Gillis.

Repairs of bridge over Lock's Creek referred to T. R. Bullard.

C. D. Hall, of Cedar Creek, was allowed to list his taxes without double tax.

J. A. D. Boon, Esq., was elected Standard-keeper of the county for the ensuing two years.

Mr. John B. Downing was elected County Surveyor, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of A. J. Bullard.

The tax books of the county for 1890 were turned over to Sheriff Smith, with the usual warrant for collection.

The request from the Board of Education to order the County Treasurer to pay over to said Board the sum of $263.70, on account of error in poll-tax, was laid over till next meeting,

John A. Johnston was authorized to build a bridge over Jones' Creek at its intersection with the Yadkin road, not to cost exceeding $25.00.

A petition was granted for laying off a public road from Turkey Foard, in Mingo, to the Harnett line in the direction of Dunn.

The order for a new registration of the voters of Cumberland was ratified.

After auditing sundry bills, the Board adjourned.

Naval Cadet McKethan, of Annapolis, Md., is here for a few days.

Miss Bizzell, of Clinton, N. C., is visiting at Mr. Ran. McMillan's.

Mr. F. M. Connor, of the Dunn *Courier*, made us a pleasant call last night.

Prof. B. C. McIver returned yesterday, and will open the Graded School on the 15th inst.

Mr. S. R. Birdsey and daughter, Miss Maggie Birdsey, of Ocala, Fla., are visiting the family of Mr. J. B. Underwood.

Gen'l A. G. Brady returned resterday from quite a pleasant visit to his former home in Connecticut.

Capt. Will. C. Dodson is back from a pleasant trip to the Northern summer resorts and watering places.

Maj. A. A. McKethan has gone to New York for the purpose of purchasing additional machinery for the Fayetteville Cedar Works.

Mrs. Kate T. Cumming, Miss Sue Cumming and the Misses Burruss, of Wilmington, N. C., who have been spending a month at Mr. John M. Rose's on Haymount, will return to their home to-day.

Mr. George Rosenthal has returned from quite an extended trip North, during which time he purchased a tremendous stock of fall and winter goods of all the latest styles, which he proposes to speak of through the columns of the OBSERTER.

Attention, Please.

Your attention is directed this week especially to the following new advertisements:

J. B. SMITH—Tax Notice.
W. J. McDONALD—Notice.
J. B SMITH—Sheriff's Sale.
NOVITZKY & BRO.—Removal
FRANK THORNTON—The Alpine.
JULIUS A. GRAY—Annual Meeting.
C. H. HILL—Farming Land for Sale.
W. N. TILLINGHAST—Window Shades.
W. N. TILLINGHAST—Country Merchants.
N. W. RAY—Commissioner's Sale of Land
ROSE & LEAK—New Fall and Winter Goods
MISS CHAMBERLAIN AND MRS. UTLEY—School.

The Weather for September.

Charlotte News.]

Dr. J. C. Baker, our local weather prophet, hands us the following as his predictions for the month of September: 1 fair and warm; 2-4, fair, warm and smoky; 5, partly cloudy and cooler; 6, local rains, thunder and warm; 7, nearly fair, warm; 8, light rain; 9, good rain, thunder, wind warm; 10, fair and cooler; 11, rain, thunder and cool; 12, partly cloudy and mild; 13, good rain, thunder and wind; 14, rain, thunder and windy day; 15, fair and cool; 16, rainy and cool wind; 17, fair and cooler; 18, windy, light rain, thunder and warm; 19, good rain, thunder and wind; 20, fair and windy; 21, fair and cooler; 22, little cloudy and mild; 23-25, nearly fair, warm; 26, good rain and warm; 27, good rain, thunder and warm; 28, light rain, thunder, wind and warm; 29, local rain, thunder and warm; 30, good rain, thunder, wind and cooler.

The Border Exposition of the Carolinas.

MAXTON, N. C., August 30, 1890.

The Editor of The Fayetteville Observer:

The Border Exposition of the Carolinas has been organized at Maxton with the intention of holding at Maxton on the 22, 23 and 24 of October a Fair which shall be an exhibition of the Agricultural and Stock interests of the immediate section of North and South Carolina, and also of Agricultural and Labor Saving Implements, Ladies' Handiwork and such other exhibits as the Association may be favored with from any source. The officers are M. McNair, Esq., President; Dr. H. W. McNatt, Messrs. R. W. Livermon, Milton McKinnon, D. P. Johnson, L. R. Hamer, Edward Gibson, T. McBryde, H. C. Alford, Joel Parish, L. C. Braddy, J. McI. Brown, A. Shaw, Maj. T. J. Wooten, Col. M. McRae, and Rev. J. J. Scott, Vice-Presidents; Col. E. T. McRae, Secretary, and Dr. J. D. Croom, Treasurer. Messrs. E. S. Lathrop, H. W. McNatt, A. J. McKinnon and John Leach Governing Committee.

The necessary land has been purchased and the contract for buildings awarded, and the chances good for the best Fair in this section of the two Carolinas. All the officers of the Association are representative men and directly intere-ted in the farming interests of our country, and a large and attractive premium list will be out in a few days.

YOUNG GENTLEMEN.

We have just opened a case of Neck wear in the latest. It is hard to deseribe them. You will have to call and look at them. Crape de Chine in the accepted shades; Four-in-Hand Windsor Scarfs; Moire Silks in Black and White Full Dress Bows and Ties for evening wear, in fact everything in this line.

FRANK THORNTON.

Last Year's Cotton Crop—Interesting Statistics.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 2.—The New Orleans Exchange issued yesterday the report of the cotton crop of the United States for the commercial year ending with the close of August, 1890, made up by Secretary Hester.

The report states that the total crop amouts to 7,311,322 bales, exceeding the largest crop ever grown by 265,489 bales, and the crop of last year by 373,032. The statement will bear the closest scrutity. The report objects to the method of deducting cotton consumed in the Southern cotton ports from the total of cotton shipped across the Ohio, Mississippi and Potomac rivers. The Secretary has obtained reports from every mill in the South and claims that his statement does not contain a single element of estimate. The total Southern consumption for the past year is reported at 546,363 bales against 481,235 last year.

The number of mills in operation is 270, with 1,565,191 spindles. Thirty-nine new mills, with 241,864 spindles, have commenced working during the year and fifteen new mills have been completed and will be at work this fall. Forty-four mills are idle, a number of which expect to start up again at an early date. The total number of mills in the South is now 336, with 40,819 looms and 1,819,291 spindles.

The increase of spidles during the past year is equivalent to nearly one half of the entire number reported in the South by the census of 1880. The census of that year showed 164 mills with 561,360 spindles. The gain within the past ten years has been 172 mills with 1,226,467 spindles, the increase in the number of bales of cotton consumed having been 357,615 or more than 189 per cent.

With reference to the cotton movement for the year, the statement makes the net receipts at delivery ports 5,857,174, a gain over last year of 306,829 bales; the overland direct Northern mills 937,471, decrease from last year of 1,228; the Southern consumption (exclusive of 30,217 bales taken from Southern outports) 516,677, a gain over last year of 67,719, and the total crop 7,311,322 bales, a gain over last year of 373,032 bales.

The foreign exports, including 55,491 to Canada, were 4,955,931—a gain over last year of 165,253.

The takings of cotton during the year for consumption in the United States amounted to 2,346,152 bales. Of this 1, 799,528 bales went to Northern spinners, against 1,785,979 last season. This shows an increasa of only 15,279 bales, against an increase in the South of nearly 68,000 bales.

Not only is the crop of 1889–90 the largest ever produced, but it has moved off with unexampled rapidity and brought full prices throughout the year, netting to the farming interest a handsome surplus.

One of the curious features of this year's movement was the shipment of more than 2,000 bales of American cotton through Ontario via the Pacific Railway to Japan, fifty bales were also shipped to Japan from the port of New York.

Seventy-First to the Front.

Correspondence Observer.]

LONG STREET, CUMBERLAND CO., August 20, 1890.

Editor Fayetteville Observer:

MY MEAR SIR:—I see other Townships are bragging about their crops. I thought I would not let the Sand Hills of Old 71st be forgotten. I have a field of cotton in the sand, planted the 20th day of May, that will average to-day five feet, and plenty of it over six feet high. This is forked leaf black Jack land, with only 200 lbs. commercial fertilizer to the acre. I want all the Democratic candidates to come by on their canvass, and if anybody will beat me, I will stand treat for the crowd.

Please give this a little notice in your columns and oblige an old Democrat, a life long friend of the OBSERVER, and

Your friend,
NEILL McCALL,
Seventy First.

Election Troubles Feared in Arkansas.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 2.—A Little Rock, Ark., correspondent of the *Post-Dispatch* telegraphs that the counting of the votes in the Third ward of the city is not yet completed and that there are fears of trouble. The vote from Eastman Township was brought in last night closely guarded by armed men.

The Capital City Guards (colored) disbanded this morning and Adjt. Gen. England took charge of their arms. This was done because it was rumored that the arms might be used to make trouble. Returns from the election are coming in slowly. A large vote has been polled and several days must elapse before full returns can be obtained.

Personal Pencilings from Alderman.

For the Observer.]

Miss Minnie E. Smith, of Alderman, is visiting friends and relatives at Sherwood.

Miss Hattie McQueen has returned home from a pleasant trip to Carolina Beach.

We were pleased to have a call from Prof. Monroe the principal of Lumberbridge High School last week.

We are glad to see Miss Irene McMillan out again after a serious case of whooping cough.

Rev. W. H. Jackson commenced a protracted meeting at Marvin on Sunday, the 31st ult.

Mr. Jackson, of Salem High School, commenced a school at Alderman on the 26th ult.

Total Visible Supply of Cotton.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The following is the total visible supply:

For the world,	1,071,790
American,	525,290
Same last year,	834,735
American last year,	469,835
Receipts at interior towns,	30,213
Plantations,	45,825

Rev. J. T. Harris the New Superintendent.

RALEIGH, Sept. 2.—[SPECIAL.]—Telegrams from Oxford to-night announce the election of Rev. Junius T. Harris, of Durham, as Superintendent of the Oxford Orphan Asylum, to succeed Rev. Dr. B. F. Dixon, who recently resigned to become President of Greensboro Female College.

Deaths from Cholera.

CAIRO, Sept. 1.—Since Tuesday last there have been 48 fresh cases of cholera, one at Eltor and 18 deaths. Advices from Mecca are to the effect that the city is free from cholera.

Maj. W. A. Guthrie Leaves the Republican Party

DURHAM, N. C., Sept. 3.—Maj. W. A. Guthrie, of Durham, who has for years been a well known Republican, yesterday withdrew from that party.

Danville's Sales of Tobacco.

DANVILLE, VA., Sept. 1—Sales of tobacco here in August were 1,118,820 pounds, or about half the sales for August last year.

Miners Suffocated.

VIENNA, Sept. 1.—An explesion occurred to-day in a mine at Borylow, in Galicia. Eighty miners were suffocated.

CARPETS.

We are surprised and delighted at the Carpet trade this season. The demand for them has never been so great. May be on account of the new designs we have been showing at popular prices. At any rate we know we have been obliged to order the fourth lot so far this season. They are here now, and perfect beauties.

FRANK THORNTON.

Sudden Death of Mr. John Sholar.

Wilmington Messenger, Sept. 3.]

A telegram received yesterday by Capt. W. H. Sholar, of this city, conveyed the sad intelligence that his brother, Mr. John Sholar died suddenly of heart disease yesterday morning at 7 o'clock at Florence, S. C. The remains arrived here last night at 11:15 by way of the W. C. & A. Railroad, and the funeral will take place (probably not before to-morrow) from the First Baptist Church.

The deceased was 64 years of age and was a native of Wilmington. His business was that of a builder and contractor, but he has lately been employed as a carpenter in the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad shops at Florence, whither he removed from this city about a year ago. Some years ago he removed from here to Fayetteville, but he soon left there and for ten or twelve years resided at Raleigh where he followed his trade.

He came back to Wilmington about two years ago and after being here about a year he went to Florence to reside. He leaves a wife and two sons, one of whom resides in Tennessee and the other in New York City. The bereaved wife was visiting in Fayetteville, but she has arrived here, and probably one or both of the sons will come on to attend the funeral.

A Fast Train.

Washington Post.]

The constantly increasing through travel over the Richmond and Danville system, which is popularly known as the great "Piedmont Air Line," is to be met by the establishment of the "Washington and Southwestern Vestibule Limited" train about first of October next, to run between Washington and Atlanta, via Lynchburg, Greensboro, Salisbury, Charlotte, Spartanburg, Greenville. This magnificent train will leave Washington City every day at 11:15 a. m., arriving in Atlanta at 6 o'clock the following morning, and returning upon a similar schedule of hours of arrival and departure. The equipment will consist of Pullman Palace Buffet, Smoking and Library, and Sleeping, and Dining and Drawing Room cars, which are being built expressly for this service, and will be masterpieces of art. The entire train will be vestibuled, steam-heated and gas-lighted.

IN MEMORIAM.

MISS FANNIE LEE O'HANLON was the daughter and youngest child of Maj. and Mrs. A. J. O'Hanlon, of Fayetteville, N. C. She was born a little more than eighteen years ago, and died on the 20th of the present month, August, 1890.

She combined rare beauties of person with loveliness of character. From infancy she cherished that warm affection for those who were bound to her by the ties of blood and friendship that made her the favorite in the home and the social circle; and for those whom she met on the broader platform of mere acquaintanceship she cherished that charity that won for her respect mingled with esteem.

She grew up under the influence of a christian home, and at an early age she become a member of the Methodist Church. From the time of her conversion she was regular in the use of the means of grace, and under the sanctifying influences of the divine life that God had planted within, her naturally lovely character was day by day becoming more beautiful, but it was the discipline of suffering that consumed the dross and refined the gold till it shone with a lustre that was the reflection of the Christ who dwelt within her.

For many months we watched her as the harbingers of death besieged the earth-born citadel, and as day by day its wall crumbled away the spirit that reigned there became more and more Christ-like.

Loving hands ministered to her during months of confinement and all that a devoted family circle could do was done to smoothe the path to the grave. Her cheerful smile and her gentle words made it a privilege to minister to her.

Her death was not less beautiful than her life had been. She maintained the possession of her faculties to the very last. I held her hand as she went down into the valley and shadow, and there was no shrinking, no drawing back, for her Saviour was with her, his rod and his staff, they comforted her. There was no horror in that death.

"—How calm her exit!
Night-dews fall not more gently to the ground,
Nor weary, worn-out winds expire so soft."

We commend the smitten family to the same loving Saviour whose grace was sufficient for her in life and in death.

HER PASTOR.

CONFIRMED.

The favorable impression produced on the first appearance of the agreeable liquid fruit remedy Syrup of Figs a few years ago has been more than confirmed by the pleasant experience of all who have used it, and the success of the proprietors and manufacturers the California Fig Syrup Company.

FALL DRESS GOODS.

We ask an examination of this Department. The stock is complete, perfect and unparalleled. Never was as large stock of Dress Goods exhibited in North Carolina. Henriettas and Serges will be the most popular goods this season. Plaids will also be much worn. Full lines in all grades—represented in Vandyke Brown, Nut Brown, Mahogany, Navy Blue, Indigo Blue, Sapphire Blue, Electric Blue, Scarlet, Cardinal, Garnet Dregs of Wine, Dark Seal Brown, Light Prune, Plum Dark Steel, Dark Olive Green, Dark Serpent Green, Dark Bottle Green.

FRANK THORNTON.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Miss Chamberlain and Mrs. Utley

will open the fall term of their School on Monday, September 15th. Prompt attendance of pupils on the first day is earnestly requested.

Sep. 2, 1890. 2t

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Sept. 2, 1890.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Company will be held in Wilmington, N. C., on Thursday, the 2nd day of October, 1890.

By order of the President and Directors.

JULIUS A. GRAY, Pres't.
JNO. M. ROSE, Sec'y.

Tax Notice.

The Tax Books for the year 1890 are now in my hands for collection. All persons are notified to come forward and make immediate settlement. I am determined to collect them without delay, without regard to persons.

J. B. SMITH, Sheriff
Sept. 4, 1890.—tf] Cumberland county.

Farming Land for Sale.

On Saturday, October 4th, 1890, at 12 o'clock at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C., I will offer for sale for cash, about 217 acres of land in Rockfish Township, on the Wilmington Road, about 4 miles from Fayetteville, being the lower or southern part of "The Carmon Place."

C. H. HILL,
per N. W. Ray, Attorney.
Aug. 30, 1890.

Sheriff's Sale.

On Monday, the 6th day of October, A. D. 1890, I will sell at the Court House door in the town of Fayetteville, to the highest bidder, for cash, one tract of Land in Cumberland County, containing about 20 acres, and bounded as follows: On Little River, known as "The Williams' Mill," and also 93 acres as allotted to P. McK. Williams, in Partition Proceedings, registered in Book "P," No. 3, page 242. Only the interest of P. McK. Williams will be sold to satisfy attachment and execution in my hands for collection against said P. McK. Williams and which has been levied on said land as the property of said P. McK. Williams.

J. B. SMITH, Sheriff.
Sep. 4, 1890.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE ALPINE.

We have already closed out two large invoices of

ALPINE HATS,

and have just received the third lot. This style is the very latest. They came in three different shapes, for young, middle-aged and old gentlemen.

quite a handsome line of

Nobby Derbys

just opened out this morning. The shapes are correct.

In a few days we will show you a large line of the celebrated

DUNLAPS.

These, as you know, are the best goods manufactured.

The latest styles out in

SILK HATS.

now on exhibition, in all sizes.

If you wish a Hat I can suit you.

FRANK THORNTON.
Sep. 4, 1890. 3t

WINDOW SHADES,

in plain and fancy colors, on spring rollers, at very low prices.

Oiled shade cloths, 38 and 42-inch in stylish colors, with knotted linen fringes and silk shade pulls to match.

Shades made up in lengths to suit.

An assortment of nice Wall Papers. For sale by W. N. TILLINGHAST.
Sept. 4, 1890. 4t

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

are getting BARGAINS in Common and Nice Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, Lanterns, Pocket and Table Knives, Scissors, Shears, Razors, Tinware, Looking-Glasses, Seives, Coffee Mills &c., &c., at W. N. TILLINGHAST'S, Fayetteville, N. C.
Sept. 4, 1890. 4t

Commissioner's Sale of Land.

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, N. C., I will, on Saturday, Oct. 4th, 1890, at 12 o'clock at the Market House in Fayetteville, expose to sale by public auction for cash, that valuable tract of land in Carver's Creek Township, adjoining the lands of H. D. Cameron, W. Hatcher and others, and known as "The Daniel Blue Land," containing about 197 acres.

N. W. RAY, Commissioner.
Aug. 30, 1890.

STERLING SILVER,

925-1000 FINE.

We Guarantee Manufacturers' Retail Prices.

Flat Ware, in Plain Tipped, Engraved, Oxydized and Old Silver.

WEDDING PRESENTS.

Tea, Dessert and Table Forks and Spoons,
Coffee Spoons,
Cold Meat Knives,
Macaroon Forks,
Waffle Lifters,
Cheese Knives,
Pie Servers,
Berry Spoons,
Preserve Spoons,
Soup Ladles,
Oyster Ladles,
Jelly Spoons,
Cream Ladles,
Gravy Ladles,
Sugar Shells,
Sugar Tongs,
Tea Strainers,
Creams and Sugar,
Peppers and Salt.
TEA SETS, SOUP TUREENS, &c., IN QUADRUPLE PLATE.

Fine Watch Repairing a Specialty.

WARREN PRIOR & SON.
Fayetteville, N. C., Aug. 28, 1890—tf

Toilet Soaps.

A Large Lot Just Received.

COLGATE'S CASHMERE BOUQUET.
BAZIN & SARGENT'S VIOLET AND ROSE GERANIUM.
"4711" GLYCERINE
PEAR'S GLYCERINE.
VIOLA SKIN SOAP ALWAYS IN STOCK.

A. J. COOK & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Aug. 28, 1890.

Tooth Brushes.

A SPECIAL IMPORTATION ALL THE WAY FROM OLD ENGLAND.

The largest invoice ever received in Fayetteville.

Warranted not to lose their bristles.

H. R. HORNE.
Aug. 28, 1890. 1m

A Male Teacher Wanted

to take charge, as principal, of the school at McPherson Church (four miles west of Fayetteville). Enclose references and apply at once to "Trustees," care of

J. A. McARTHUR,
Fayetteville, N. C.
Aug. 28, 1890. tf

ST. GEORGE'S HALL

For Boys and Young Men,

St. George's, near Baltimore, Md.

English, Classical and Commercial, and unsurpassed in advantages, situation, health and comfort. Moderate charges.

PROF. J. C. KINEAR, Principal.
Aug. 14, 1890. 4w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REMOVAL.

Owing to the present increase in our business we have been compelled to move into a more commodious building in order to accommodate our immense stock of Fall and Winter Clothing, Hats, Shoes and Furnishing Goods. We are glad to be able to announce that we have secured the store recently occupied by Brown & Roddick, just one door west of our old stand, where we have much better light and considerably more room in which to display our stock. Our entire purchases for the season have been received and are now ready for the inspection of the trade. Next week we hope to give a more extended notice of our new specialties.

NOVITZKY & BRO.,
"The Fayetteville Clothiers."
Sept. 4, 1890. 1t

New Fall AND Winter Goods.

ROSE & LEAK
—ARE NOW RECEIVING THEIR—
Fall and Winter Stock,

and by the end of the week will have it all in store. Rose & Leak are too busy to do more in the way of an advertisement this week than simply to call attention to the large, new and attractive stock and to respectfuly invite the public to examine it.

GOODS SOLD ONLY FOR CASH,
ONE PRICE TO ALL.

Prices plainly marked in figures.

ROSE & LEAK.
Respectfully,
Sept. 4, 1890. 1t

NOTICE.

The celebrated Mohawk Stallion, Jess, can now be found at Geo. A. Burns Livery Stables

PEARLY GATES.

Where are you going so fast, old man,
Where are you going so fast?
There's a valley to cross and a river to ford,
There's a clasp of the hand and a parting word—
And a sigh for the vanquished past, old man,
The beautiful, vanquished past.

The way has been rugged and rough, old man,
To your feet—has been rugged and rough;
But you see a dear being with tender eyes,
Who shares in your labor and sacrifice,
And this has been sunshine enough, old man—
For you and me, sunshine enough.

You are now at the foot of the hill, old man,
Of life—at the foot of the hill;
The sunshiny city that lies just before—
It is only a step to the other shore—
Go in through the pearly gates, old man—
The beautiful, pearly gates!

—*Constitution.*

A few Reasons why Farmers Ought to Keep Bees.

The fact that bees are pollen distributors, is sufficient reason why a place should be made for them on every farm. If kept for no other purposes than the benefit they do to growing crops, fruit trees and growing plants, by spreading the pollen among the blooms, these industrious workers would be a valuable adjunct. Testimony is conclusive and abundant as to the desirable effects of bees on grape-vines, fruit trees and fruit-bearing plants generally. Indeed, one prominent apiarist goes so far as to insist that a few hives of bees be judiciously placed will revive a fruit farm from a non-paying to a profitable investment. Field crops, scientists tell us, and wide awake farmers know from their own observation, are greatly assisted by the honey bee's manipulations. Indeed their influence is required for the perfect floral fertilization of some of the cereal crops and the meadow grasses. Where the farmer is too busy to give his personal attention to the production of honey, it is suggested that he purchase a few hives and turn these over to the care of his wife and daughters. They will find the pin money accruing from the sale of the honey a convenient and pleasant return for the labor and time spent among the bees. The outdoor occupation, too, will prove a welcome and healthful change from indoor drudgery, which they can then afford to hire done.

Farm and Garden Notes.

Bitter milk comes from bad feed.

Destroy the thistle tribe on sight.

Put in a big patch of sweet corn to cut up for the pigs.

In agriculture brain work is as essential as physical labor.

It is not all of farming to learn to produce from the soil.

Tie up the grape vine. If left to dangle it will stop growing.

No food is better for work teams than oats during the spring and summer, and they should be well supplied with them.

Spray the hen houses thoroughly with kerosene. This is better and cheaper than whitewash.

Do not forget your coal oil can this warm weather; put coal oil on the roost early in the morning, about twice a week, and thus keep out the lice from, among your fowls.

Look out for the rats and other vermin. These things greatly lessen the profit of the poultry business.

Horses and mules thrive best on timothy or red-top hay, while sheep and cows do better on clover and millet.

Cotton Stalks for Stock Food.

H. B. Battle.]

It is not generally known that dry cotton stalks when ground will make a good, rich food for stock, approximately equal to the hay from mixed meadow grasses. During the winter several dry cotton stalks were pulled from the field at the N. C. Experiment Station at Raleigh. The stalks were dry, and still had the burrs, and some few leaves adhering. A few roots were also pulled up with the stalks. The whole was ground together, and, on analysis, yielded 12.77 per cent of moisture, 7.75 of ash, 2.27 of ether extract, 7.31 of albuminoids, 42.35 of nitrogen—free extract, 27.25 of crude fibre. The nutritive ratio by analysis (not by digestibility) was 1 to 10.3. This is approximately the same as the hay from mixed meadow grasses, which gives a digestible ratio of 1 to 12.2. No opportunity has been given to test the digestibility of cotton stalks by actual trial with stock. Should it prove of good digestibility, and the cost of pulling the old stalks and grinding them be not too great, cotton stalks may yet become useful adjuncts in cattle feeding. The weight of the old stalks per acre from the rich cotton lands of the East is not inconsiderable.

"Local Option or Prohibition."

A man very much under the influence of liquor was resting against one of the shade trees around the public library to get a fresh start, when a pedestrian halted and asked:

"Local option or prohibition?"

"Shpeak ter me?" queried the other.

"Yes."

"Whaz you shay?"

"Local option or prohibition—which?"

"You go riz on an' mind yer bizziness? I shee'er drift of your remarks. I shee zhat you are leading up to zhat point where you cal'klate to advise me to stsck to cold water, an' I'll never do it—never do it, shir—no shir!"

Bones For Pigs and Poultry.

According to an experimenting Jerseyman, bones from the table can be most profitably utilized by feeding them to pigs and poultry. The bones that are small and soft, such as fish and poultry bones, will be eaten by pigs, and the larger bones can be broken up on a large flat stone, with a wooden frame around it to keep the pieces from flying off. He says that it is surprising how many bones a flock of hens will consume. Keep the hens housed at night and on cold, stormy days, and the hen manure will be very rich, and the eggs also, as their quality is affected by the quality of the food.

Cow Peas for Wheat.

Every farmer knows that peas are good to improve the soil. Many have used them on ground prepared for wheat. Who can tell how much benefit they were to the crop? From an experiment made at the North Carolina Station at Raleigh, it was found that the increased yield of grain from the use of peas plowed under, whether alone or in conjunction with various common fertilizers was almost exactly 10 bushels per acre. This is the fertilizer to use. Who is going to use it?

The August Crop Report.

RALEIGH, N. C., Aug. 25.—The Agricultural Department this evening completed the August crop report, based on returns from one thousand correspondents. The basis is 100 and the per centage of condition are as follows: Rice, 90, corn 90, cotton 102, tobacco 95, sweet potatoes 98, peanuts 98, turnips 104, late cabbage 85, late Irish potatoes 89. It will be seen that the rains have not reduced the remarkably high condition of cotton.

The government statistician of New South Wales has estimated the population of Australia at the beginning of the current year to be 3,786,798. This is an increase during 1889 of 113,995, or 3.10 per cent.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS.

The reason RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER is the most wonderful medicine is because it has never failed in any instance, no matter what the disease, from LEPROSY to the simplest disease known to the human system.

The scientific men of to-day claim and prove that every disease is

CAUSED BY MICROBES,

—AND—

RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER

Exterminates the Microbes and drives them out of the system, and when that is done you cannot have an ache or pain. No matter what the disease, whether a simple case of Malaria Fever or a combination of diseases, we cure them all at the same time, as we treat all diseases constitutionally.

Asthma, Consumption, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver Disease, Chills and Fevers, Female Troubles in a its forms, and, in fact, every Disease known to the Human System.

Beware of Fraudulent Imitations!

See that our Trade-Mark (same as above) appears on each jug.

Send for book "History of the Microbe Killer," given away by

B. E. SEDBERRY & SON.

March 27, 1890. 1y

FIRE INSURANCE.

The ÆTNA is one of the strongest companies in the world, having a capital of $4,000,000.

Her dealings are unquestionable.

She has paid out in Chicago alone $3,800,000 in losses.

Place your risks in strong companies.

B. R. HUSKE, Agent.

"H. H. H."

STOVES.

WE HAVE RECEIVED ANOTHER NICE LOT OF

STOVES,

WHICH WE WILL SELL FOR CASH OR ON INSTALLMENTS.

YOU CAN BUY YOU A STOVE AND PAY FOR IT, AND NOT FEEL IT.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK, AND SEE OUR PLAN.

WE HAVE LATELY RECEIVED A CAR LOAD OF

Sash, Doors and Blinds, Window and Door Frames.

WE ARE DAILY LOOKING FOR A CAR LOAD OF

LIME

AND CAR LOAD OF

LATHS.

Ice Cream Freezers

—AND—

Fishing Tackle,

AT

B. R. HUSKE & CO.'S.

CLYDE'S

New York and Wilmington Steamship Co.

FROM PIER 29, EAST RIVER NEW YORK

Located bet. Chambers and Roosevelt Sts., At 3 o'clock P. M

BENEFACTOR	Wednesday,	Sep. 3
FANITA	Saturday,	Sep. 6
GULF STREAM	Wednesday,	Sep 10
BENEFACTOR	Saturday,	Sep 13
FROM WILMINGTON.		
FANITA	Tuesday,	Sep. 2
GULF STREAM	Friday,	Sep. 5
BENEFACTOR	Tuesday,	Sep. 9
FANITA	Friday,	Sep. 12

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Superintendent, Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
W. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y.

March 28 1889 tf 5

Tutt's Pills

This popular remedy never fails to effectually cure

Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness

And all diseases arising from a Torpid Liver and Bad Digestion.

The natural result is good appetite and solid flesh. Dose small; elegantly suar coated and easy to swallow.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Fayetteville Foundry and Machine Shops!

JOHNSON & McNEILL, Proprietors,

are fully equipped with all necessary machinery and ready to serve the public in the way of repairing

ENGINES, BOILERS, PUMPS, SAW AND GRIST MILLS, COTTON GINS, PRESSES AND ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY.

All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. Call or write the undersigned for prices, &c

JOHNSON & McNEILL, MACHINISTS, Fayetteville, N. C.

May 15, 1890. 6m

—THE—

People's National Bank,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C

CAPITAL STOCK, - - $125,000.00

—OFFICERS:—

E. F. MOORE, - - PRESIDENT,
GEO. P McNEILL, - - CASHIER,
J. B. BROADFOOT, ASS'T CASHIER.

BANKING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

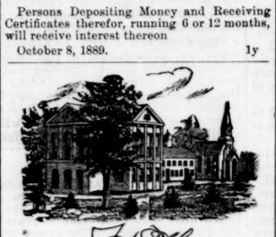
Liberal inducements for deposits from Banks, Corporations, Business Houses and Individuals.

Our facilities for Making Collections at ALL Points are of THE BEST.

ALL RETURNS WILL BE MADE PROMPTLY.

Persons Depositing Money and Receiving Certificates therefor, running 6 or 12 months, will receive interest thereon

October 8, 1889. 1y



PROPRIETORS.

OAK RIDGE INSTITUTE and BUSINESS COLLEGE.

This school is situated in one of the most healthful sections of the South. It is the largest Private School in North Carolina. 267 students during year just closed. Full Courses for preparation for College, Teaching, Music, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Typewriting. Send for beautiful Illustrated Catalogue *Address:*

☞ Mention this paper. PRINCIPALS, OAK RIDGE, N. C.

July 17, 1890. 6w

JOHN E. TOWNSEND,

HOPE MILLS, N. C.

—MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN—

Rough and Dressed Lumber,

LATHS, SHINGLES, &c.

Pickets for enclosing yards, &c., cut to order in any quantity. June 20, 1889.

To Builders and Others.

Finished Flooring, Beaded or Plain Ceiling, Planed Posts, Rails and Palings any length. All the latest patterns of Mouldings furnished on short notice at lowest prices.

ALL KINDS OF BUILDERS HARDWARE.

Estimates given Orders solicited from abroad.
Address WALTER WATSON,
spl 7-tf Fayetteville, N. C.

POMONA HILL NURSERIES,

POMONA, N. C.

Stock consists of

ALL LEADING FRUTS

Calculated to suit the Southern and border States.

Send for descriptive Catalogue, No. 1, of

FRIUT TREES, VINES, &c.

and No. 2, Green-House Catalogue of young pot-grown

Roses, Chrysanthemums, CARANTIONS,

and a general variety of Bedding and Flowing Plants, ready to plant out in April and May.

☞ Catalogue free. Correspondence solicited. Address

J. VAN. LINDLEY,
Pomona, Guilford Co., N. C.

May 30, 1889.

FROM THE CHRISTIAN ADVOATCE.

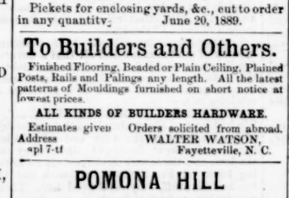
Mr. A. E. Hawkes has gained a national reputation as a practical optician, and his celebrated spectacles and spring eye-glasses are known throughout the United States. We are writing this article with a pair of his new crystalized lenses, and they seem to us as transparent as light itself; and with them the finest print is as clear as in youth.—*Editor Christian Advocate.*

ALL EYES FITTED

And Fit Guaranteed a the Drug Stote o

B. E. SEDBERRY, Fayetteville, N. C.

Dec 20 1y



—THE—

Fayetteville Marble Works,

HAS. A. GOODWIN, Proprietor,

Lauder's Old Stand, Fayetteville, N. C.

Estimates made on a

STONE WORK

to be delivered in any part of the State and United States. Buy a Tombstone and remember your dead relatives and friends. Designs and prices furnished upon application.

Aug. 8, 1889. 1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. | NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

READ CAREFULLY!

Get One Bottle from Your Druggist and be Convinced!

JOHNSTON'S VEGETABLE NOLANDINE!

The Great Virginia Vegetable Alterative,

BLOOD PURIFIER AND RENOVATOR

—OF THE—

HUMAN SYSTEM!

Has been used most successfully in the following Diseases, as the Certificates below will attest:

For Liver Complaint, Jaundice and Bilious Derangement, In Mercurial, Blood Poison, Scrofulous and all Eruptive Diseases, Costiveness, Indigestion Flatulence, Periodical Sick Headache and Female Complaints.

READ THE CERTIFICATES.

From *Virginia Medical Monthly* (September number, 1889) Landon B. Edwards, M. D., editor and proprietor, Richmond:

"*THE NOLANDISE COMPANY*, of Richmond, Va., begin an advertisement in this issue of preparations which have received the highest kind of professional endorsements for the cure of chills and fever, functional liver troubles, etc. The virtues of the drugs named seem to reat in the special manner of their combination. During a recent visit to the laboratory we were courteously shown every detail of the manufacture."

I have used your vegetable preparation, "*NOLANDINE*," and find it a valuable agent in the treatment of functional diseases of the liver. Its action on that organ and all secreting glands is equal to that of calomel, and to my mind, the only yet discovered substitute for this time-honored remedy. It is, furthermore, entirely free from constitutional effects too often observed from the use of mercurials; and, in many cases, where mercurials have been incautiously administered, I have witnessed the beneficial results of "*NOLANDINE*," in eliminating and modifying the most distressing after symptoms. I will add, in regard to your Fever and Ague Preparation, that I prescribed it for my mother, who had been a sufferer from chills and fever for twelve months. She had taken quinine until it had ceased to have any effect on her. One-half bottle of my *NOLANDINE* for chills and fever relieved her entirely of the chills and restored her to good health.

I cheerfully recommend a trial of *NOLANDINE* to the profession, believing that it will stand their test

Very truly yours. *A. TRENT CLARKE, M. D.*

The very high character of the testimonials attesting the merits of your vegetable preparation, *NOLANDINE*, induced me to make a test of your *NOLANDINE* proper in a very desperate case of Hydrothrax [dropsy of the chest], combined with Ascities [dropsy of abdomen]. The usual remedies known to our profession had been most skilfully administered without producing anticipated effects. The diseases yielded to the action of your *NOLANDINE*. I very gratefully state that my patient is now enjoying the blessings of a restoration to good health, and now, four months since administering your *NOLANDINE*, there is not a symptom of recurrence.

I had several opportunities of testing the merits of your *NOLANDINE* for chills and fever in cases which had resisted the usual remedies for months, and had the satisfaction to see them entirely broken and permanently cured after a course of your *NOLANDINE*.

I know that I will incur the displeasure of the profession by departing from its usages, but candor and facts compel me to call the attention of my professional brethren to the valuable properties of your preparation, and trust that prejudice will not deter them from its use. I have found the action of your *NOLANDINE* on the liver and secretions more than equal to calomel, which is an additional recommendation.

Very respectfully, *A. G. JONES, M. D.*

409 EAST CLAY STREET, RICHMOND, VA., April 19, 1887.

J. W. Johnston, Proprietor of Nolandine:

During the last twelve months I have had frequent opportunities of testing the curative properties of your *VEGETABLE NOLANDINE* in the following diseases, and in not a single case did it fail to accomplish all that you claim for it: Dyspepsia and other catarrhal affections of the stomach and bowels, catarrhal affections of the kidneys and bladder, *uterine catarrh* and irregularities, malarial complications and habitual constipation, and as a general tonic and alterative, I have found it very efficacious.

Yours truly, *JAS. A. GARLICK, M. D.*

IRWIN P. O., GOOCHLAND, VA., August 1, 1889

To the Nolandine Company, Richmond, Va.:

From personal experience I can very cheerfully recommend *NOLADINE* for all it claims, and, in this opinion, I am borne out by others who have tested its merits.

Yours truly, *G. H. PALMER MOREWOOD.*

TAYLORSVILLE, HANOVER COUNTY, VA.

The Nolandine Company, Richmond, Va.:

Gentlemen:—I have been a great sufferer from blood poison, which caused large sores to come all over my legs and feet, so that I could hardly wear my shoes, when I received a bottle of *NOLANDINE* from a friend. I began using it at once, and in less than ten days it had cured me completely. I think it the best remedy in the world. I am yours very respectfully, *WM. M. TERRY.*

To the Nolandine Company:

June 1, 1889.

Permit me to add my testimony to the curative properties of *NOLANDINE*. For many years I have suffered from varicose veins. Twelve months ago I struck my leg against a chair, breaking one of the veins. The wound thus made could not be healed, except for a short time, then break out afresh. At times I suffered untold misery from local fever and most insufferable burning sensation. After using two (2) bottles of your *VEGETABLE NOLANDINE* the ulcerated places healed, the swelling disappeared, natural sleep was restored, and my nervous system composed. As a vermifuge, *NOLANDINE* acted specifically on one of my children. As a blood purifier and general tonic your *NOLANDINE* has no equal. Gratefully yours, *D. B. FROSSER.*

At S. S. Cottrell's Son, 1302 Main Street, Richmond, Va.

RICHMOND, VA., October, 1886.

My wife and three children returned to this city from Charles City County, where they contracted chills and fever, and their systems thoroughly saturated with malarial poison. One bottle of *JOHNSTON'S VEGETABLE NOLANDINE* cured my entire family. My wife suffered for five years with dyspepsia in its most aggravated form, and was permanently cured by *VEGETABLE NOLANDINE*, using only two bottles. *J. B. BURTON.*

RICHMOND, VA., July, 1889.

This is to certify that I have known of the superior qualities of JOHNSTON'S VEGETABLE NOLANDINE for the past ten years, and during that time, at intervals, have had occasion to use it in person, and in my family, and have always found it a sure cure for derangements of the liver and kidneys, indigestion, headache, etc., and a good tonic. L. C. DAVIS, 804 North Fifth Street.

ROBOW'S STATION, CHESTERFIELD CO., VA., March 25, 1885.

Mr. J. W. Johnston:

Dear Sir:—Having suffered for years with a chronic affection of the kidneys, derangement of the liver, and my general system charged with malarial poison, I found no relief from treatment of medicine until I used VEGETABLE NOLANDINE. I am now free from above complaints, and to NOLANDINE I am indebted for this restoration to health. I honestly recommend it to all persons suffering from the above diseases. WILLIAM DICKSON, Superintendent of Coal Mines.

RICHMOND, VA., May, 1885.

I can cheerfully recommend JOHNSTON'S VEGETABLE NOLANDINE to any one suffering from liver or kidney complaints and bilious derangement of the system. Its prompt and permanent action in my case affords me pleasure to recommend it to others similarly affected.

CHARLES P. SELDEN, Hardware Merchant, Formerly with Singer Sewing Machine Co.

409 EAST CLAY STREET, RICHMOND, VA., March 10, 1886.

Mr. Jos W. Johnston:

Dear Sir:—I have used your NOLANDINE, and would cheerfully recommend it as a valuable medicine for malarial diseases and for promoting appetite, and a splendid tonic. For the relief of the pains consequent upon female weakness and irregularities I consider it without an equal.

Respectfully, MRS. L. M. BELL.

OFFICE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY COMPANY, RICHMOND, VA., March 1, 1885.

I lived on lower James River for eight years in the malarial district. My system was thoroughly charged with this deadly poison. I exhausted the usually prescribed and domestic remedies without any benefit. I was induced to try JOHNSTON'S VEGETABBE NOLANDINE. Before using two bottles my liver was aroused from its long torpor, and I am now enjoying the best of health. My wife and children derived the same benefits from NOLANDINE. J. A. WYATT.

FLEET, KING AND QUEEN CO., VA., January 31, 1887.

I was afflicted with chills and fever during the fall of last year. I could stop them with quinine, but they wouldn't stay stopped; they would return the 7th, 14th, 21st, or 28th days. A friend gave me a part of a bottle of NOLANDINE, and I used it according to directions, and I have not had a chill since. I am in good health and weigh as much or more than I ever did. E. S. WILSON.

509 NORTH EIGHTH STREET, RICHMOND, VA

Mr. Johnston:

Dear Sir:—Your NOLANDINE has quite come up to all its promises. So valuable do I consider a family medicine that, unsolicited by yourself, I offer my certificate.

Yours truly, MRS. E. F. PATTON.

RICHMOND, VA., July 13, 1887.

J. W. Johnston, Proprietor Nolandine:

Dear Sir:—I have taken your NOLANDINE for habitual constipation of eight years' standing, during which time I have tried many preparations, but I did not receive any relief until I used your preparation, from which I have received immediate and permanent benefits. Was also suffering with malarial and blood poison. I am now free from all such complications and, I am happy to say, enjoying exceptionally good health.

Yours truly, J. B. DOWDEN.

412 EAST BROAD STREET, RICHMOND, VA.

J. W. Johnston:

I feel it but just to recommend your valuable medicine, NOLANDINE, for any trouble caused by torpid liver, or constipation produced by morphine or any drug used to subdue pain. As a tonic for delicate females it is unsurpassed.

The above you are heartily welcome to use any way you deem best, and I will personally tell any one what it will do or application. Respectfully, MRS. A. E. ANTHONY.

RICHMOND, VA., October 1, 1889.

To whom it may concern:

For twelve months I was a fearful sufferer from chronic eczema, during which time I was in the hands of a m skillful physician, faithfully using his remedies internal and external, without deriving any benefit whatever. I suffered night and day with the most intolerable itching, continuous headache, loss of sleep, appetite and strength. My kidneys and nervous system were fearfully deranged, and my body was covered with innumerable boils. By taking three (3) bottles of JOHNSTON'S VEGETABLE NOLANDINE I have been restored to perfect health. I regard NOLANDINE as the best blood purifier and the most powerful tonic ever compounded, and I am not alone in this belief.

Very respectfully yours, &c., H. B. GRUBBS.

Price $1 Per Bottle. Six Bottles for $5.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Manufactured by THE NOLANDINE COMPANY,

RICHMOND, VA., U. S. A.

FOR SALE IN FAYETTEVILLE BY THE FOLLOWING DRUGGISTS:

B. E. Sedberry & Son, A. J. Cook & Co., W. C. McDuffie, Jr., H. R. Horne.

May 15, 1890. 6m

T. A. KLUTZ,

Architect and Superintendent

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

jan 12 tf

BONITZ ∴ HOTEL,

129 Market Street, Wilmington, N. C.,

Now being thoroughly renovated, is open for

THE -:- RECEPTION -:- OF -:- GUESTS.

NEW HOTEL LAFAYETTE,

Fayetteville, North Carolina.

T. A. BARKER, - - - MANAGER.

The Manager of the Fashionable Campello Island Hotels.

AN ANCIENT AND HISTORICAL SOUTHERN CITY.
IN THE PINEY-WOODS BELT OF CAROLINA.
ELEVATION 175 FEET ABOVE THE SEA LEVEL.
NOT TOO HOT, BUT ALWAYS MILD AND HEALTHFUL.

An Especially Delightful Climte During the Spring Months,

With the Most Remarkable Health and Longevity Record of any Place in this Country.

Jan'y 17, 1889. tf

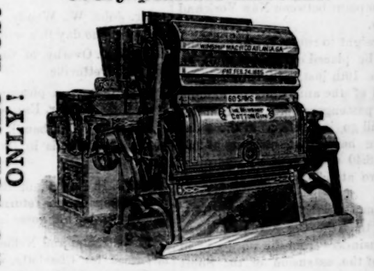
A. E. RANKIN & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Are Acknowledged LEADERS in Their Line!

They buy in CAR LOAD Lots from first hands, for Spot Cash, thereby getting the very lowest rates of freight and every possible discount.

Cotton -:- Gins
FOR EVERYBODY
We Sell the Best
ONLY!



AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
Of Every Description
Always On Hand.
Give Us A Call.

A CAR LOAD RED RUST-PROOF OATS,
A CAR LOAD WESTERN MIXED OATS,
A CAR LOAD SHIP STUFF,

A Car Load of Rock Lime.

Flour a Specialty.

PATAPSCO 196 SUPERLATIVE PATENT C. A. GAMBRILL Mfg. Co. BALTIMORE.

—THE—

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PATAPSCO FLOURING MILLS.

ESTABLISHED - - - 1774.

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OUR PATENT ROLLER FLOURS

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PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE PATENT,
PATAPSCO FAMILY PATENT,
BALDWIN FAMILY,
ROLANDO CHOICE PATENT,
ORANGE GROVE EXTRA,
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July 3, 1890.

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CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In effect August 18th, 1890.

NORTH BOUND.

	Daily Except Sunday. No. 1.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 3.	Daily Exp Sunday. No. 11.
Leave Wilmington,	9:00 a m		
Arrive Fayetteville,	12:25 p m		
Leave Fayetteville,	12:50 p m		
Leave Sanford,	2:22 p m		
Arrive Greensboro,	5:00 p m		
Leave Greensboro,	5:10 p m		
Leave Walnut Cove,	6:32 p m		
Arrive Mt. Airy,	8:25 p m		
Leave Bennettsville,		8:20 a m	
Arrive Maxton,		9:35 a m	
Leave Maxton,		9:45 a m	
Arrive Fayetteville,		11:45 a m	
Leave Rumseur,			6:50 a m
Arrive Greensboro,			9:25 a m
Leave Greensboro,			10:10 a m
Arrive Madison,			12:30 p m

SOUTH BOUND.

	Daily Except Sunday. No. 2.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 4.	Daily Exp Sunday. No. 16.
Leave Mt. Airy,	6:00 a m		
Arrive Greensboro,	9:20 a m		
Leave Greensboro,	9:50 a m		
Leave Sanford,	12:19 p m		
Arrive Fayetteville,	1:50 p m		
Leave Fayetteville,	2:15 p m		
Arrive Wilmington,	5:45 p m		
Leave Fayetteville,		3:30 p m	
Arrive Maxton,		5:20 p m	
Leave Maxton,		5:30 p m	
Arrive Bennettsville,		6:45 p m	
Leave Madison,			1:20 p m
Arrive Greensboro,			3:30 p m
Leave Greensboro			3:40 p m
Arrive Ramseur,			6:20 p m

W. E. KYLE, General Passenger Agent.

J. W FRY, General Manager.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.

AND BRANCHES.

Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Dated June 15, 1890.	No. 23. Daily.	No. 37. Daily.
Leave Weldon	12 30 P. M.	5 45 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	1 46 "	
Leave Tarboro	2 00 P. M.	
Leave Tarboro	10 20 A. M.	
Arrive Wilson	2 20 P. M.	7 00 P. M.
Leave Wilson	2 30 "	
Arrive Selma	3 40 "	
Arrive Fayetteville	6 00 "	
Leave Goldsboro	3 15 "	7 40 "
Leave Warsaw	4 10 "	
Leave Magnolia	4 24 "	8 40 P. M.
Arrive Wilmington	5 50 "	9 35 P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 14. Daily.	No. 38. Daily.
Leave Wilmington	12 01 A. M.	9 00 A. M.
Leave Magnolia	1 21 "	10 34 "
Leave Warsaw		10 48 "
Arrive Goldsboro	2 23 A. M.	11 45 "
Leave Fayetteville		8 40 A. M.
Arrive Selma		11 00 "
Arrive Wilson		12 10 P. M.
Leave Wilson	3 03 A. M.	12 37 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount		1 10 "
Arrive Tarboro		2 00 "
Leave Tarboro		10 20 A. M.
Arrive Weldon	4 30 A. M.	2 45 P. M.

"Daily except Sunday.

Train on Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:15 P M, Halifax 3:37 P M, arrive Scotland Neck at 4:25 P M. Greenville 6:00 P M. Returning, leaves Greenville 7:20 A M. Arriving Halifax at 10:10 A M, Weldon 10.30 A M, daily except Sunday.

On Monday, Wednesday and Friday, Local Freight leaves Weldon 10:30 A M, Halifax 11:30 A M, Scotland Neck 2:00 P M. Arriving Greenville 5:10 P M. Returning, leave Greenville Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 9:30 A M, Scotland Neck 1:00 P M, Halifax 3:35 P M. Arriving Weldon 4:00 P M.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, via Albemarle & Raleigh R R Daily except Sunday, 4:05 P M, Sunday 3:00 P M, arrive Williamston N C, 6:38 P M, 4:20 P M, Plymouth 7:50 P M, 5:20 P M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 6:00 A M, Sunday 9:00 A M, Williamston, N C, 7:10 A M, 9:58 A M. Arrive Tarboro 9:30 A M, 11:20 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N C, Daily except Sunday, 6:00 A M, arrive Smithfield, N C, 7:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N C, 8:00 A M, arrive Goldsboro, N C, 9:30 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 3:00 P M, arrives Nashville 3:40 P M, Spring Hope 4:15 P M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 10:00 A M, Nashville 10:35 A M, arrive Rocky Mount 11:15 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 6:00 P M and 11:10 A M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 8:20 A M and 3:10 P M, connecting at Warsaw with Nos 41, 40, 23 and 78.

Southbound Train on Wilson & Fayetteville Branch is No 51. Northbound is No 50. "Daily except Sunday.

Train No 27 South will stop only at Wilson, Goldsboro and Magnolia.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Bay Line.

All Trains run solid between Wilmington and Washington, and have Pullman Palace Sleepers attached.

J. R KENLEY, General Sup't. JOHN F. DIVINE, Sup't Trans.

T. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.